

VERDUN REMAINS A CITY OF RUINS

Paris, Feb. 18.—Many people, foreigners especially, will be surprised to learn that Verdun, whose glory and renown have been sung the world over, has received less help than most other war-ravaged cities in the shape of money for the purposes of rebuilding and restoration.

The Mayor has just made known in a letter to an association of war veterans that Verdun remains practically as it was at the moment of the armistice. True, a large number of houses seem to be intact, but only the fronts. Behind, there is nothing. Before the war Verdun boasted a dozen schools. Now there are only two. The pupils are taught amid heaps of ruins or in windowless, doorless, tumble-down houses. The sewers and the water supply material urgently need to be overhauled. The town is deprived of gas and the electric lighting arrangements are still of a makeshift order. The streets and sidewalks are in a deplorable condition.

The funds at the disposal of the municipality are wholly inadequate, according to the Mayor, notwithstanding a small loan recently floated in France. Practically nothing can be done at the moment in the way of rebuilding, owing to lack of money, and writers in the Paris press are trying to awaken public opinion, pointing out that it would be a scandal to make Verdun wait for its resurrection until Germany pays her debt.

KILLS MAN WHO SHOT HIS TWO SONS DEATH

Dexter, Mo., February 18.—James Cooper shot and killed his nephew, Clarence Cooper, near Auquilla, at the Henley farm, about 6 o'clock tonight. This is the third killing in this family feud in the last few months. Clarence Cooper having killed two of James Cooper's sons, William and Edgar Cooper, August 13 last, as a result of a quarrel between sons of the two families.

We Wanted a Change.

(Omaha World-Herald).

We were getting a dollar six bits for our corn,
We could sell every hide from the hoof to the horn—
We wanted a change and we got it.
Now we're getting a quarter for corn.
It's so cheap
That we burn it for fuel, our toes warm to keep.
We can't sell the hides so we bury them deep—
But we wanted a change and we got it.
The poor working man pulled down eight bucks at day,
Now he's darned glad to work for half of that pay—
But we wanted a change and we got it.
There was work and a plenty for every man's son,
And warm food and shelter when that work was done;
Now millions are idle, heretofore there was none—
But we wanted a change and we got it.
Mr. Wilson spent quite a long time "over there";
For peace he was fighting, but what did we care—
We wanted a change and we got it.
Now all that we read is of golf and vacations,
Gay week-ends at summer resorts and plantations;
Not what we expect from the head of a Nation—
But we wanted a change and we got it.
We were prosperous and happy, well fed and gay,
Now millions of children go hungry each day—
We wanted a change and we got it.
Meanwhile we hear this: "It was certain to come—"
Reaction from war time", and war three years done.
If we wanted a lemon we sure did pick 'one—
But we wanted a change and we got it.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Jones, who recently moved from Central Illinois to one of Hal Galeener's farms near Vanduser, had the misfortune to lose their son Friday. The little body was buried in the Carpenter graveyard Saturday. The Standard extends sympathy to Mr. and Mrs. Jones in the loss of their babe.

ROAD IMPROVEMENT IN STODDARD COUNTY

Richland township in Stoddard County has called for proposals to be opened at Essex on the 7th of March for the building of 4½ miles of gravel roads from the New Madrid County line west to Grays Ridge. At a later date bids will be called for to build the road from Grays Ridge on to Dexter. It is estimated that it will cost \$46,000 to grade and gravel this 4½ miles and bridges and culverts will cost \$40,000. When this strip of road is completed it will give a hard surfaced road from Dexter east to the River. From Dexter to Poplar Bluff, in dry weather, is a good piece of road that will give us a Cairo to Poplar Bluff road. It is only a matter of short time until the western half of this road from Dexter to Poplar Bluff will be hard surfaced, which will give Butler and adjoining counties their first outlet by dirt road to the Mississippi River. This will mean a great deal to Southeast Missouri.

Ten American women are now members of the National Sculpture Society.

Alfred Greer left last week for Rolla to enter the school there and study Civil Engineering.

More than 156,000 girls registered last year in Y. W. C. A. gymnasiums and swimming classes.

Dr. Lou A. Melton of Colorado is the only woman engineer in the employ of the Federal Government.

The W. C. T. U. will hold their regular meeting at the Methodist Church Wednesday afternoon. Members requested to be present.

S. P. Loebe, editor of the Charleston Times, was a Sikeston visitor Sunday. He expects to install an No. 14 Linotype to his plant at an early date.

Clyde Peterman and wife from Sikeston arrived here Saturday to visit his parents, sisters and brothers a few miles out in the country. Fredericktown Democrat.

Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Mason, Miss Antoinette Grossman of Morehouse and Miss Lucile Lemley of Cleveland, Ohio, were dinner guests of Miss Hyacinth Sheppard, Sunday.

C. L. Blanton, Jr., left for St. Louis Friday afternoon and will return Tuesday afternoon or Wednesday morning. He will attend a meeting of the Short Ship Circuit at Poplar Bluff, Tuesday.

Major Lyle Malone was painfully injured in a fight at New Madrid last week and is confined to his home in Sikeston. His nose was broken as well as his jaw. The Standard is not in possession of the particulars.

T. B. Dudley, probate judge, has appointed H. C. Blanton as appraiser of the estate of the late Reese Applegate, for the purpose of assessing the State Inheritance Tax. Hearings will be held at the office of H. C. Blanton in Sikeston March 6.

The ladies of the Catholic Church will have a sale at the home of Mrs. Jane Mills on South New Madrid Street on Tuesday, February 28. The ladies will have aprons, bonnets, home-made cakes and candy and household articles. Everybody is invited. Refreshments will be served.

The "Four Horsemen" on at the Malone Theatre, February 20 and 21, is pronounced one of the big attractions of filmdom. The reels were run Sunday afternoon for the orchestra practice and those who witnessed it were highly pleased. Tickets at The Bijou.

The heavy rain Monday sort of put a damper on the spirits of the Blanton boys who are to have their sale this afternoon at the McCord barn. It will probably keep many from a distance from driving in cars, but the sale is to come off, rain or shine. The hogs are in top order, the boys are ready and if local buyers will turn out, it will be a satisfactory sale anyway.

The Sikeston Mercantile Co., are making a big improvement in their building, preparatory to moving their Gent's Clothing and Furnishing department to the main floor. A large stairway is being built in the center of the room and the ladies ready-to-wear will be moved to the front of the second floor, where they will have a better opportunity to display their beautiful line of ladies garments. The old stairway will be removed and that will then give them more floor space on the main floor to display their dry goods and shoes.

SPECIAL SALE OF HIGH CLASS TAILORING

300 large all-wool ends being shown, including all Domestic and Importations in new Spring Patterns

A Special Representative from A. E. Anderson & Co., Chicago

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday

Suit Prices \$30, \$35, \$40, \$45
For immediate and future delivery

If you are not ready to buy at this time, select your goods, let your measure be taken and give order later. No trouble to show samples and take measurement.



NEWS LETTER FROM CHAFFEE

John Morgan has been suffering of chills the past week, but is getting them broken.

F. R. Ludwig is visiting at McMullin this week.

Earl Phayer, the eldest son, staying at home of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Phayer, is in St. John's hospital at St. Louis, suffering with chronic headache. The attending physicians state that the ailment will be relieved in a short time and that it is nothing alarming.

The floor of the local post office has been partially relaid with oak material. It is not particularly attractive, but is serviceable for the heavy traffic that traverses this portion of the building.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Finley have been on the sick list.

Mrs. Lillie Warmack has had a new coal house erected at her residence on South Main Street.

Mrs. W. B. Halbert visited at Cape Girardeau Friday.

Prof. Stephens is filling the temporary vacancy of Superintendent Green of the Public Schools.

Street improvement continues and the City Marshal has issued a proclamation that all rubbish and cinders in alleys to the rear of homes must be cleaned up on or before February 22, the edict being five days grace from the 17th.

H. H. Washburn has gone into the insurance business with P. N. Keller. Everyone knows Harry and are glad he is establishing himself so suitably.

Mrs. W. D. Moore and daughter, Bert Moore Barnes, entertained at their home Saturday evening, a large gathering of ladies members of the Junior and Senior Bridge Clubs.

Miss Virginia Merritt visited at the Cape Friday, in company with Misses Laurice McBroom and Miss Martin.

The Live Stock Shipping Association with a manager at Oran, is doing good work for the live stock shippers with less than carload shipments. Farmers with small lots, can consolidate and ship with others and secure the low shipping charges, obtainable with carload shippers. Write the manager, telling him when you will have hogs or cattle for shipment.

Mrs. F. G. Faulkner and Mrs. H. W. Richardson entertained the Senior

and Junior Bridge Clubs at the Tomlinson residence on South Main St., Friday evening.

Rev. Father O'Leary is the delegate of the Alsobrook-Aubuchon American Legion local post to attend the conference at Benton February 25, in the interests of the State and National Bonus questions and other items of interest and importance for the Legion. Rev. O'Leary was elected Post Chaplain at the first meeting and election of officers. The army Chaplain commission does not expire until three years. He was solicited last spring to recite the last rites of the American Legion for two military funerals held here for returned bodies of fallen soldiers, before the local post was established.

Miss Helen Tomlinson reports that her sister, Blanche, is getting along nicely and her speedy recovery is expected.

B. D. Harsha underwent an operation Friday for appendicitis at St. Louis Frisco Hospital and is getting along fine after the operation.

S. B. McClure, an employee of the water service department, returned Friday, after a recent operation for appendicitis and is regaining his strength very nicely at home.

John Cochran, formerly employed at Chaffee in the Frisco general offices, was here Saturday on a visit to see old acquaintances and friends. He denied the charge of being interested in any particular person, or persons.

First Class Sewing.—Mrs. W. S. Smith, Phone 71. 2t.

R. A. McCord and Newman Cox will hold a Poland China bred sow sale at Lilbourn, Friday, March 10.

James P. Keating, magazine writer, asserted that George Sylvester Viereck, former editor of The Fatherland, had predicted the sinking of the Lusitania four days before it happened. Keating made this assertion in testifying of the Chicago Tribune in the \$500,000 libel suit brought against the newspaper by Mayor Thompson, in connection with charges of pro-Germanism made by him. Keating then employed try and trade and, if adopted, will inas-

anterior to Dr. William Bayard Hale in the German information bureau in New York, said: "I knew the Lusitania would be sunk on the Tuesday preceding the Friday when the sinking actually occurred. I learned of it in the course of conversation with Viereck at luncheon at the Holland House on that day. He said that the people who had sailed on the Lusitania were very foolish, as she certainly would be sunk on Thursday or Friday".

The Tax Goat

The search for a tax to provide for the bonus has finally reached the general consumer—the mass of the people, mostly poor and heavily burdened just now, but who are inarticulate and cannot make their voices heard in Washington. President Harding advises Congress, if it votes the bonus it should raise the revenue through a sales tax which will be paid by everybody.

The President intimates that the bonus would better be postponed to a more convenient season—will it ever come?—but if it is voted now the sales tax is the only resource.

The powerful groups, threatened with fresh taxes, could make their voices heard and raised such a storm that Congress fled to cover.

The potent automobile interests, with the owners of trucks and automobiles, killed the automobile and gasoline taxes.

The banks and brokers shouted down the stock transfer tax.

The theaters and movie interests scared Congress away from the amusement tax.

So it went. The financiers, the realty interests, the farmers and other groups, representing either wealth or votes, made their protests effective with threats of defeat for the Congressmen at the polls, so if there is a bonus to pay poor, oppressed Genera Consumer must pay it.

The bonus tax is not to be levied in proportion to wealth and ability to pay, but upon everyone, regardless of his wealth or poverty.

Sales taxes mean taxes on all commodities which the public must buy. Everyone who purchases articles for use must pay the taxes. The tax will be added to the price of goods and the cost will fall upon the consumer, no matter whether he is employed or unemployed, whether he has a small salary and a large family or a small family and a large income.

A sales tax increases the cost of living and thus diminishes the purchasing power of all consumers of small means. It necessarily reduces the volume of business, checks industry and trade and, if adopted, will intensify business depression. It will cost the ex-service men more than they will get out of the bonus. The bonus is bad in principle and Tuesday preceding the Friday when the sinking actually occurred. I since it is the child of political expediency neither Congress nor the President is guided by considerations of sound principle or policy. Vote-getting policy rules at Washington, so the Lusitania were very foolish, as she certainly would be sunk on Thursday or Friday".

NEW MADRID COUNTY REAL ESTATE SALES

Thomas Osborn and wife to Ernestine Parrett, all of New Madrid County: All that part of the north one-third of the NE¼ lying west of the right-of-way of the St. Louis & San Francisco Ry. in sec. 11, twp. 22, range 13. \$1950.

J. E. Erwin of East Prairie to E. C. Davis of East Prairie, the East half of sec. 17, twp. 24, range 15. \$40,000.00.

Ettie Sanders and husband to J. W. McColgan all of Stoddard County: Lot 9, block 7, in the city of Morehouse. \$550.

Marvin S. Murray and wife of Kansas City, Mo., to James W. Ogle of Moultrie Co., Ill. 240.04 acres of land located in sec. 7 and 18, twp. 25, range 13, for a more particular description see book 77, page 498. \$1.00 and other valuable consideration.

W. M. Cawhorn and wife to W. W. Laws of New Madrid County, Mo. One acre of land in the North part of the Northwest quarter of section 19, township 21, range 14. \$554.

Jesse Bryant and wife to W. M. Moore, all of New Madrid County: All lot 21, block 15, village of Canolou. \$1.00 and ex. of property.

W. M. Moore to Jesse Bryant of New Madrid County: All of lot 22, in block 16, Himmelberger-Harrison Lumber Company Fourth Addition to Canolou. \$1.00 and exchange of property.

Win. Yeager and wife to W. M. Moore all of New Madrid County: All of lots 7 and 8 in block 10, City of Canolou. \$500.

Chas. F. McMullin and wife to D. E. Kevil, all of Scott County: An undivided one-half interest in and to the 7½ of sec. 35, in twp. 23, range 12, East of the 65th, P. M., containing 320 acres. \$1.00.

Marriage Licenses.

Allen Adeock of Portageville to Freda Rodgers of Conran.

Delmar Little to Lottie Collins, both of Matthews.

Laverne Anderson of Risco to Mary H. Watson of Parma.

J. E. ones to Rachel Ravellette, both of Gideon.

DRAINAGE DISTRICTS MUST BEAR COST OF BRIDGES

Jefferson City, Mo., February 18.—The Supreme Court decided today that in instances where drainage districts create the necessity for bridges over their ditches, the districts must bear all the cost of the bridges. This is quite an important item to parts of the state where districts exist, and particularly so in Southeast Missouri.

The suit in this case is state ex rel Kinder against the Little River Drainage District and involves the cost of sixty-three bridges at highway crossings over drainage ditches. There is a possibility, however, that this ruling may go to the court en banc for final disposition, as Judge Higbee dissented from the views of Judges D. E. Ball and Walker.

Robbers broke into the store of W. W. Hinchey at Saleado Friday night and carried off divers and sundry quantities of goods too numerous to mention. No clew up to Monday morning.

HELGOLAND NOW NEARS DESTRUCTION

New York, February 18.—The great German fortress of Helgoland probably will be completely demolished by next April. Its demolition has been in progress for two years under the supervision of an international commission, headed by Admiral Sir Edward Charlton, who is said to be satisfied that the island fortress can never again be a menace to the allies.

When the work of destruction is complete, it will be inspected by the commission and then the island is to be handed back to Germany, under the provisions of the peace treaty.

The commission has taken nothing for granted, but naval officers have watched the great guns cut into pieces and have demanded that the scrap metal be produced when the Germans reported that they had destroyed cartridges, cases, fuses, etc. Besides, they have personally watched the burning of vast stores of explosives. It is understood that Admiral Charlton is satisfied that very little in the way of warlike stores, can have been concealed by the Germans. The gun emplacements and harbor works have been destroyed and batteries of howitzers and aircraft guns demolished.

To make certain that Helgoland cannot again be utilized as a site upon which to build a harbor for warships, the commission has placed blocks of stone and concrete about the bed of the harbor so that dredging will not be possible. Eventually it is believed the harbor will be destroyed by the sea.

NEGRO WITH 17 WOUNDS TO BE TRIED IN MISSOURI

Cairo, Ill., February 16.—William Wells, negro, aged 40, with a total of seventeen wounds on his body, made by bullets, knives and razors, who was arrested at Cache, Ill., January 30, by Deputy Sheriff Frank Miller and Paul Clutts, after he had attacked Miller with a knife and had been disarmed in the struggle that followed, today was turned over to the Sheriff Kirkendall of Benton, Scott County, Mo., where seventeen indictments charging burglary and larceny await him. Wells was wanted in Tennessee, Mo., and Illinois, having left a trail of robbery covering many towns in each of these states.

Many thousands of dollars' worth of loot in the form of diamonds, jewels and various kinds of watches and guns, which the negro is alleged to have stolen from homes over different counties and towns of Illinois and Missouri, were found hidden in his house at the time of his arrest. Much of the loot has been returned to the owners.

A Duroc sale at Bloomfield, Saturday, brought an average of \$60 per head.

The Standard is in receipt of a folder telling of the qualities of David M. Proctor, candidate for United States Senator on the Republican ticket. The editor has known the Proctor family for 45 years and this is the first Black Sheep of the family—the rest being Democrats. However, if James A. Reed is the Democratic nominee, we shall vote for Proctor.

Malone Theatre

The FOUR HORSEMEN of the APOCALYPSE

Monday-Tuesday, Feb. 20-21
MATINEE AND NIGHT

SKESTON STANDARD

C. L. BLANTON, EDITOR

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THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATIONPOLITICAL LETTER
FROM WASHINGTON

By Wallace Bassford

Washington, D. C., Feb. 11.—The President is having Congress create thirteen more United States District Judgeships—another load for the backs of the overburdened taxpayers. Incidentally it given him an opportunity to take thirteen members of the Agricultural Bloc from the Senate and place them where he put Kenyon. Away back there when the world was young, the Emperor Tamerlane found that a petty sultan named Bajazet was in his way at times, so he threw the sultan into a cage and hauled him around the country for exhibition purposes. The President will soon have thirteen cages ready for the Senators who have annoyed him by standing up for the interests of the farmers. Curiously enough, there are just thirteen of these Senators still remaining in the Agricultural Bloc who can be depended upon to stand by the people on most occasions—except when there is a soft life-time job to be had.

Abe Martin says that his friend Ike Lark has bought a new pair of shoes with some money he had left over from the Wilson administration.

Perhaps few of the farmers in the country realize that the twenty million dollars which the Republican Congress so generously voted for the aid of a comparatively small section of Russia came out of the pockets of the wheat growers, many of whom are in real need of aid themselves. In other words, it was appropriated from the funds of the United States Grain Corporation and not from the United States Treasury, and the funds of the Grain Corporation represent profits made off the wheat growers. These profits amount to more than thirty million dollars. Another phase of the matter is the fact that Congress set a precedent in this case, for charity of this kind in the past has been by private subscription. In 1845 the country was so moved by the distress of Ireland, where the potato crop had failed under the burden of furnishing the principal support for the eight millions of people in the island at that time, that millions were raised by private subscription, but even then the Congress was not asked to make an appropriation. In the case of Russia there was plenty of food in the country, but Communism does not run true to its name, and the parts of Russia where food was abundant would not furnish it to the famine region without a price, and the price could not be raised by the sufferers. It must give the wheat farmer, who finds it hard to make ends meet, a pleasant thrill to think that he is helping to feed the Russians, while his own children may be in need of the ordinary necessities of life. The Bible says that he who does not look after his own household first is worse than a heathen.

The American Red Cross has announced that it has just spent \$100,000 to relieve some of the most urgent cases of actual distress among the people of certain parts of Mon-

tana and North Dakota. Congress took two hundred times that amount of money from the grain growers for the Russian relief. The Farmers' Council in this city has received a letter from Y. C. Mansfield, of Sunnyside, Washington, telling of conditions in several of the Northwestern states. He writes: "Many farmers are compelled to go to the bankers and beg for money to buy a sack of flour. Their crops were all mortgaged and taken from them. There are a great many who were unable last fall to seed their summer-fallow ground, and there is no hope of their being able to do so in the spring." The most of the metropolitan newspapers do not print these stories, for they are members of the cabal of publishers who have agreed to print only news indicating that the administration is a success, and a throw on the floor all of the news depicting the tremendous amount of distress in the land.

The Republican National, headquarters in Washington is already beginning to play the baby. Their latest screed sent out from here begins with these words: "It is the manifest intention of leaders of the Democratic party not to be fair in the coming campaign." Then they proceed to refer to the minority report on the tariff bill away back last spring—almost a year ago. When one thinks of all the sharp attacks that Democrats have made in the last few months, it is a remarkable testimonial to their fairness that the high-salaried publicity sharks of the Republican headquarters have to go back to last spring to find anything which is even claimed to be an unfair utterance on the part of the Democrats. And speaking of fairness, one is reminded of the millions of dollars spent in the last campaign to circulate thousands of tons of matter that had no basis of fact.

The administration is seeking to create a smoke-screen by vociferating loudly about the economies in this direction and that. Representative Byrnes, of South Carolina, took a shot through the smoke the other day and brought clearly into view the fact that while the President was talking about a direct saving of \$32,000,000 and an indirect saving of \$104,000,000 he has recently asked consideration of a deficiency bill amounting to \$108,704,286, which, when added to the two deficiency bills already passed, makes a grand total up to this time of \$336,537,953. Mr. Byrnes added: "I rejoice that the President reiterated his opposition to deficiencies, because I hesitate to think what amount would be requested if he were not opposed to deficiencies."

RANK INGRATITUDE.

The Standard is grieved that the Board of Directors of the Southeast Missouri Agricultural Bureau has seen fit to drop T. A. Wilson from the payroll of that Bureau. It was he who was the moving spirit in creating sentiment for this movement in the eight counties of Southeast Missouri and it was he who organized the counties and secured pledges for financing it. It was he who gathered together the materials for the exhibit and prepared it for the exhibit. It was he who went abroad in other sections to invite new capital to investigate and invest in our surplus lands, and it was he who is the victim of base ingratitude by a majority of Directors. The worst part of it was when he was suspended some \$800.00 was, and is, still due him. T. Wilson is the friend of everybody and no young man in the eight counties has more personal friends, and this piece of ingratitude is not to be passed lightly by a host of these friends who are subscribers to this fund. In the first place, the Constitution and By-Laws specify that the main office of the Southeast Missouri Agricultural Bureau shall be in Skeston, which has been abandoned. This has invalidated the notes that were given with this understanding and many of T. Wilson's friends will take advantage of same.

Women workers in Vienna earn from 1000 to 1500 crowns a week, which in American money amounts to a little over 20 cents.

"DOLLAR SIGN ON PATRIOTISM."

Congress is sweating over the problem of how to buy votes of ex-service men with a bonus without losing more votes through additional taxes. This is the usual predicament of office holders who follow expediency instead of principle and who substitute considerations of political advantage for conscience and judgment.

Congress, most of the members of which are opposed to the bonus, privately, is in despair over the question of vote getting and vote losing. Between the demand for the bonus and the protests against the tax program Congress is in a panic and has decided to "pass the buck" to the President, who is himself against the bonus, but has weakly yielded to political expediency.

Fortunately, there are some members of the Senate and House who have the courage to stand by their convictions and speak out. Senator Borah is one of 11 Senators who are openly against the bonus. The Senator appealed to the ex-service men to prove the same patriotic spirit now that they proved during the war and sacrifice their monetary advantage for the good of the country. He warned them that, if they invade the Treasury, others will invade it; it will become a competition of elements in treasury raiding.

Alice M. Robertson, the Oklahoma Congresswoman, made a courteous and forceful speech to the Women's Republican Club of New York, in which she said the soldiers demanding a bonus lacked the patriotism of the Americans who fought in previous wars. "Those veterans," she said, "didn't put a price on their patriotism." She added: "If the veterans want the Government to put the dollar sign on their patriotism we can do it."

Congress will put the dollar sign on patriotism by voting the bonus, but they will put the vote sign on legislation, which is not less disgraceful. The responsibility rests, not on the citizens who ask favors, privileges, bonuses from the Government—there are always favor seekers—but on the administration and the Congress which grants them in return for political support.

Denunciation of the ex-service men who seek a bonus does not relieve Congress of its responsibility, nor does it relieve the President of his responsibility. They are the elected public servants, to whom the honor and safety of the republic is intrusted. They must decide between the public welfare and the private snip.

Let us not be deceived with regard to the significance of this decision. The award of bonuses to strong, healthy Americans who seek it as largesse for service in defense of their country will be only the beginning of treasury raids. There is no question concerning the duty of the country towards sick and disabled veterans. They must be taken care of. But the war bonus is a different thing and marks the beginning of a course that will inevitably lead to disaster. It marks the degeneracy of citizenship, but, above all, it marks the demoralization and degradation of the Government at Washington which is willing to open the public treasury for votes.

It is another phase of the degenerate and sordid policy of expediency which brought the eighteenth amendment and Volstead act upon the people against the convictions of a majority of legislators; which carried the confessedly vote-getting antilynching bill through the House and which has burdened the country with numerous costly bureaus. The questions, what can we do for this or that group of voters, have superceded the question of what shall we do for the welfare of the people. That way lies the bottomless pit.—Post Dispatch

The Standard readers may be glad to know that this afternoon is the C. L. Blanton & Son's Poland China sale and they may get a rest on that subject for a while. The next day, Wednesday, is the Harper & Wallace Poland China sale at Bertrand. Then comes the Sikes-Renner Duroc sale on the 28th. These will all be good sales.

AN INDIAN LEGEND.

By Allan Hinchey.

According to a legend handed down from the Capaha Indians, the animals, serpents and birds of the Tywappity Jungle of Southeast Missouri at one time dwelt in perfect amity, until the Rabbit, by his overbearing disposition, caused trouble and brought upon his descendants a curse that still abides.

It is difficult for us to imagine the rabbit as a trouble-maker among animals. It is also hard to believe that at one time the snake was the most harmless of all creatures. But according to the legend of the Tywappity aborigines, such was the case.

In the long ago, says the legend, before the foot of man had traversed the woods, the animals, the serpents, fishes and birds dwelt in harmony.

The Beaver, because he dwelt both on land and in water, was the ruler of the jungle, but his reign was one of love and kindness.

The Rabbit in those days had a long snow-white tail of silken fineness, of which he became very vain. As time passed the Rabbit became haughtier and developed a tyrannical disposition, being particularly overbearing toward the Snake, a creature of gentle nature.

The Beaver was distressed by the conduct of the Rabbit, and the other denizens of the jungle were made unhappy by their companion's ugliness of temper.

One day the Snake lost patience with the Rabbit and seized the long silken tail of his persecutor in his mouth. Long they fought and fiercely, until the Rabbit's tail was completely severed by the fangs of the Snake.

The denizens of the jungle demanded that the Beaver punish the Rabbit and the Snake for bringing strife into the land.

The Beaver pronounced the following sentence: Because of his tyrannical nature and cruelty to his fellows of the jungle, brought about by vanity, the Rabbit shall henceforth, he and his descendants unto the end of time, be deprived of his tail and shall become the most timid of animals, fleeing from the Fox, from the Wolf and the Serpent. And because he had mutilated the flowing tail of his brother, the Rabbit, the Snake is condemned to go through life, he and his kind, for all the days to come, with a mouth white as the Rabbit's tail that he had mutilated, and he and his family shall be shunned by all animals, birds and fishes of the jungle.

Miss Kate Wilson of Bartlesville, Ok., has the distinction of being the only full-blooded American Indian girl assistant secretary of a chamber of commerce.

Our Republican friends are having a hard time to secure sufficient sugar to coat all the bitter pills that are being forced on them by the National and State Administrations.

In 1920 there were 14,800 girls in the United States who were married at the age of 15 years. During the same year but 1600 boys of that age were married. Evidently spring chicken was in demand.

CONGRESSMAN INDICTS PROHIBITION ON 19 COUNTS.

Washington, Feb. 18.—Representative MacGregor, Republican, of Buffalo, N. Y., cited 19 "effects" yesterday to prove that prohibition is detrimental to the nation. The citation was made in urging that the manufacture of light wine and beer be permitted to raise the revenue to pay the soldiers' bonus. The 19 effects are:

1. It has deprived the people of their inherent right of liberty.
2. It has made a nation of hypocrites.
3. It has made law-breaking popular.
4. It has created a state of rebellion among millions of our citizens.
5. It has destroyed the sacredness of law.
6. It has resulted in the moral degeneration of our people.
7. It has made a whisky-drinking nation.
8. It has brought corruption in public office.
9. One of the complaints against George III set forth in the Declaration of Independence was: "He has erected a multitude of new offices and sent hither swarms of officers to harass our people." Our Government is doing what our founders fought against.
10. It has established a spy system in our country.
11. It has debauched our youth.
12. It has made bootlegging a respectable business.
13. It has given special privileges to the rich who can afford to buy liquors to entertain their prohibition friends.
14. It has taken away the harmless glass of beer from the working man and the light wine from those long accustomed to it.
15. It has subjected legitimate business to the whims, caprices and arrogance of Government officials.
16. It has increased taxation.
17. It has brought in its train all manner of petty grafting.
18. It has brought destruction of human life in its wake.
19. It has weakened the very foundation of our Government.

The Standard \$2.00 per year.

Are You A Woman?

If You Are in Middle Life, You Cannot Afford to Overlook One Word of This.

Kansas City, Mo.—"I found Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to be just what is claimed of it as a woman's medicine. During middle life I was all run-down, nervous and weak, could not eat nor sleep well; did not have a bit of strength, would be tired and worn-out all the time. I knew I must have medicine and finally decided to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and it was just the thing I needed as it brought me through in a good strong healthy condition. I always recommend it to my friends, many of whom have taken it with just as good results."—Mrs. Albert Leedom 3713 Garfield Ave.

All druggists, tablets or liquid; or send 10c to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y., for a trial package of tablets.

Have you been too busy to take a Vacation this Summer?

Special Winter Tourist Fares

(October 1st, 1921, to April 30th, 1922; return limit May 31st, 1922)

To many Resort Points in the South and Southeast especially attractive for Winter Sojourn

and

All-Year Tourist Fares

(REDUCED RATES)

to several destinations in California and the Northwest, also to the Hot Springs of Arkansas, all renowned for their qualities so enticing and pleasurable to the Winter Tourist. Sufficient stopovers where desired.

The Missouri Pacific Way Will Please!

Detailed Information obtainable of any Ticket Agent; or

C. L. STONE

Passenger Traffic Manager

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY

St. Louis, Mo.



"You go right back and bring Juanita Flour."

Some how, when one gets used to baking with Juanita flour, you just will keep on using it right along.

It never occurs to you to ask for "a sack of flour" you know why you want Juanita and what it means to your baking.

Juanita flour is at your grocers. But it can't tell you how good it is, until it is in your home where you can try it. Why not say to the grocer just what you're thinking "Send me a sack of Juanita this time—I've heard so much about it, try it."

FREE. New 32-page booklet, containing actual photograph pictures of all 24 of the prize winning articles in the recent Juanita sewing contest—showing the many, many pretty practical things that you can make with Juanita sacks. You surely don't want to miss getting your copy—send us the name of some grocer who does not handle Juanita Flour, we will mail one to you free.

Scott County Milling Co., Skeston, Mo.

JUANITA
(Say Wah-neeta) Flour

COLONIAL TEA

Given at the home of Mrs. J. L. Matthews for the fund of the Memorial Building pledged by D. A. R.

Washington's Birth Day

Wednesday, February 22 from 3 to 5 p.m.

All the ladies of Skeston and vicinity are invited to be present. A silver offering will be taken.

Scott County Abstract Co.
BENTON - MISSOURI

Compiles Abstracts of Title to Lands and Town Lots in This County

W. H. STUBBLEFIELD, President

H. D. RODGERS, Vice President

HAROLD STUBBLEFIELD, Secretary-Treasurer

Farm loans, long time, low interest rate. Correspondence invited.

LOST
STRAYED OR STOLEN

On Thursday night, February 9, a light bay blazed face 2-year-old filly; on Thursday night, February 16, a black blazed face 2 1-2 year-old horse colt. This stock is about 14 hands high. Liberal reward will be paid for information leading to the recovery of these animals.

S. A. FINLEY, BERTRAND, MO.

W. H. SIKES

RENNER BROS.

BLUE RIBBON STOCK FARM

ANNUAL SALE OF BRED SOWS AND GILTS---40 IN NUMBER

AT SKESTON, MO., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1922

Sows are sired by such boars as Joe Orion Friend 286201, B. R. Orion Sensation 193691 and bred to our great young boar, Sensation Supreme 401941. Sensation Supreme is said to be the largest and one of the best Duroc boars in the state.

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE

ADVERTISE ONLY ACTUAL TRUTHS

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 19.—"Truth Week," Feb. 19-25, is the subject of a letter to the Twice-a-Week Standard from the Advertising Club of St. Louis, in which this newspaper is credited with having assisted materially in the crusade for TRUTH IN ADVERTISING by running the educational course furnished by the Advertising Club of St. Louis in connection with its class in advertising.

Says the Advertising Club letter:

"The good advertising men whom you are helping us to produce will tell the truth in their advertising copy for two reasons: First, because they will know that truthfulness is right; second, because they will know that truthfulness pays."

Intended at first to be confined each year to the city in which the National Better Business Commission happened to hold its February semi-annual meeting, "Truth Week" quickly assumed national proportions. Thus the meeting of that commission in St. Louis, February 21-24 will mark the beginning of a movement for the observance annually throughout the United States of "Truth Week," to include the anniversary of the birth of George Washington, the most famous of all advocates of truthfulness, and to be dedicated to "Truth in Advertising."

"Truth" will be the theme of the sermons in many St. Louis churches on Sunday, the day of the formal opening of "Truth Week," and many of the newspaper advertisements, window displays, special sales, etc., throughout the week.

An event of "Truth Week" vitally concerning all cities and towns in St. Louis trade territory states will be the inauguration by the Better Business Bureau of St. Louis of a free advisory service for such cities and towns, whereby reliable information as to the legitimacy of illegitimacy of securities or on any other subject within the scope of the bureau's activities may be had for the asking.

The first of the Better Business Bureaus, that at Minneapolis, Minn., is but eight years old, according to E. J. Brennan, Manager-Counselor of the Better Business Bureau of St. Louis, which was one of the pioneers. Mr. Brennan recalls that the first bureau manager was H. J. Kenner, then of Minneapolis, but now the director of the National Vigilance Committee, with headquarters in New York City. Just as the Better Business Bureau of St. Louis is associated with the Advertising Club of St. Louis, so virtually every other bureau represented on the National Better Business Commission is associated with the advertising club of its city. The National Commission in turn is affiliated with the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World.

War on purveyors of fraudulent and worthless securities was waged relentlessly by the Better Business Bureau of St. Louis during the year that ended September 30 last, and several prosecutions resulted from activities of the bureau, which in its annual report says:

"The known investment shark was followed and, whenever possible, made to pay the penalty of his acts. Every advantage was taken of publicity opportunities in order to hammer home the realization that investments must be made with care and discernment. Finally, the information service of the bureau was developed to its fullest extent. The bureau never answers the question whether a given legitimate security is a good or bad buy at a given time but always approaches inquiries from the point of view of legitimacy."

A total of 1778 files were opened by the St. Louis bureau in the course of the year covered by its last report, 742 of these concerning investments and the 1033 others relating to merchandise matters. About 1584 requests for information were received and answered during the year and 720 advertisements were referred by newspapers. Last year's cases exceeded those of the immediately preceding year by about 100 per cent.

San Francisco's Better Business Bureau has developed a jury system, the last annual report, published in January, shows.

"In the early part of the present year the large number of cases brought to this bureau for consideration and the enormous detail involved in each demonstrated the necessity of evolving some methods of quickly, fairly and impartially dealing with these matters," says the San Francisco report. "Your legal department thereupon devised and brought into active operation the so-called 'jury' or committee system of hearing cases. The person or firm against whom any complaint is made charging a violation of the advertising law or of business ethics, which involves the good will of that firm or of business generally, is not summoned to the courts or the District Attorney's office, but is invited to the offices of the Advertising Club."

The Better Business Bureau of Philadelphia, in its report on the year ending November 1 last, records the passage in Pennsylvania of an act imposing a fine and penalty for misleading and fraudulent advertising.

"In general the bureau's activities have in a measure helped to wipe out the fake bankrupt, fire, auction and other sales which perpetrate merchandising frauds upon the public and undermine confidence in legitimate retail establishments," the Philadelphia report states.

Detroit's Better Business Bureau reports that in the year ending December 31 last fifty-three cases were taken before the prosecuting attorney of Wayne county and 540 reports were issued to investors or prospective investors.

The annual report of the Advertisers' Protective Bureau, Inc., of Kansas City, which is that community's Better Business Bureau, claims six important accomplishments, including the stopping of sales of ap-

proximately \$500,000 worth of unreliable securities.

An increase of almost 100 per cent (from 561 in the year ending May 1, 1920, to 1007 in the year ending May 1, 1921) in cases requiring actual investigation and analytical work is shown by the annual report of the Better Business Bureau of Louisville.

The first annual report of the Better Business Bureau of Richmond, Ind., shows that bouncing baby on its first birthday had to its credit 547 complaint cases, 180 of which had proved to be justified or worthy of a bulletin to the membership. Regarding honesty and dishonesty in advertising, the Richmond report says:

"Immediately on its inception this bureau found, as has been the experience of other bureaus earlier in the field, that offenders against truthfulness in advertising fall into three general classifications: first, the man who believes in honest advertising because he believes in hon-

esty; second, the man who believes in honest advertising because he thinks it is a good policy; and third, the man who does not believe in honest advertising at all."

The above random snatches from annual reports of Better Business Bureaus in different sections of the country furnish some idea of the great work that is being done by Better Business Bureaus generally.

Excerpts from a few bulletins sent out by the Better Business Bureau of St. Louis will serve to explain a service which is being carried on with splendid results by all Better Business Bureaus. These excerpts follow:

"IMITATION IVORY—There has been so much divergence in describing these articles that, as a matter of service, the Bureau suggests ways of describing them and lists them in order of their exactness: 1, imitation ivory; 2, manufactured ivory; 3, ivory color toilet articles; 4, ivory finish toilet articles; 5, ivory composition toilet articles; 6, ivory white toilet

articles; 7, copyrighted names in which the word ivory is used as an adjective, as 'Ivory Pyralin,' 'Ivory Celluloid,' etc. Note: The word 'ivory' should never be used as a noun to designate imitations. Such expressions as 'French Ivory,' 'Parisian Ivory,' 'American Ivory,' 'Persian Ivory,' etc., are misleading and should not be used."

"KID VERSUS SHEEPSKIN—On several occasions we have found it necessary to correct advertisers who use the word 'kid' to designate a leather made from the skin of a sheep. 'Kid' is properly applied only to leather from the hide of a goat. Goatskin and sheepskin resemble each other very closely and as the former is much superior to the latter, some advertisers have seen fit to misrepresent by giving the inferior leather the name of the superior."

"CALICO VERSUS PERCALE—The Bureau has received a number of complaints concerning an alleged improper use of the word 'percale.' It

is claimed this word has been used to describe a material generally understood by the public to be calico. We have gone to great lengths to get a satisfactory adjustment of this matter but there seems to be no agreements among retailers, wholesalers or manufacturers. Some maintain the only difference between calico and percale is the width, the former coming 24 and the latter in 36 inch. It is really more important that advertisers understand and appreciate the point-of-view of the public because, after all, what builds or destroys reader-confidence is not what a thing actually and technically is but rather the mental picture formed by readers of advertising and its relation to the merchandise itself, as understood by the public on actual contact. Of course, the Bureau cannot canvass and find out the understanding of everyone but, after interviewing many, the consumer-definition of percale seems to be a material that comes wider than calico and that is both

more substantial (close woven) and better (smoother) finished."

"POPLIN—The most popular poplin cloth, at the present time, is a mixture of silk and cotton or silk and wool, but it seems that many merchants advertise the former as 'silk poplin.' Poplin is not a material but a weave. It is a fabric having 'fine, cross ribs, irrespective of the material they are made of.' If the material is all silk it is proper to call the fabric 'silk poplin.' If the material is a mixture of silk and some other material, the fabric should be advertised 'silk mixed poplin' or 'silk and wool poplin' or 'silk and cotton poplin,' according to the material the fabric contains in addition to the silk."

"BLANK AUTO TIRE COMPANY (the word 'blank' being here substituted for the concern's real name, which appears, with its address, at the head of the report)—This company advertised a 30x3 Michelin automobile tire for \$10.00 and a 30x3½ Goodrich for \$13.75 in such a way as to lead the reader of advertising to believe that they were 'firsts' when, as a matter-of-fact, both were 'seconds.' This offense against truth in advertising is not confined to this particular advertiser but appears to be practiced by others. These others are under investigation at the present time and the facts concerning their advertising, if found to be censurable, will be published in a subsequent report."

The St. Louis meeting of the National Better Business Commission will be the first ever held by it on days including Washington's Birthday. The need for a semi-annual meeting of the commission in February of each year and close association of the name of Washington with the idea of truth-telling naturally drew the two great truth influences together, and possibly helped to inspire "Truth Week."

Daily sessions of the commission will be held in the assembly hall on the seventeenth floor of the Hotel Statler, and the Advertising Club of St. Louis will have as guests at a big Washington's Birthday demonstration all visiting Bureau managers and as speakers members of the Board of Governors of the National Better Business Commission, which board consists of Richard H. Lee, Chairman of the National Vigilance Committee; H. J. Kenner, director of the National Vigilance Committee; William P. Green, secretary-treasurer of the board and field secretary of the National Vigilance Committee; Edward L. Greene, of Cleveland, and George S. Langland, of Minneapolis.

MATTHEWS ITEMS.

Prof. O. T. Honey of Chaffee, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Steel, last week.

Mrs. W. A. Singleton is in Sikeston this week under a doctor's treatment.

Judge W. L. Stacy of Sikeston, was in Matthews, Wednesday, on business.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Dick Burch, Tuesday, February 14th, a son.

Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Carroll motored to Sikeston, Tuesday, on business.

The family of G. F. Deane, who have the small pox, are reported to be getting along much better.

Sheriff Ambrose Kerr and son of New Madrid, were in Matthews, Tuesday, on business.

Mrs. Ted Swartz went to Cairo, Tuesday.

The play to be given by Leon Swartz's class, "Forest Acres," has been postponed until the small pox epidemic is entirely out of danger of spreading. At the present these have been no cases here except in the family of G. F. Deane, which is in a light form. Programs for this play will be printed at an early date. The play will be given soon.

Mr. and Mrs. Amos Buchanan and little son of Sikeston, spent Sunday with Mrs. Buchanan's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hill.

L. Deane went to Sikeston, Monday, on business.

Judge B. F. Swartz went to New Madrid, Tuesday, on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Sutton and Miss Vera Roberts spent from Saturday until Monday at Farrenburg, visiting Mr. and Mrs. Alville Fulker-son.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Hill have moved on their farm, east of Matthews.

D. A. Chiles returned home, Tuesday, from Cape Girardeau, where he has been visiting relatives.

Dr. R. D. Blaylock and son, Howard, left, Tuesday, for their old home in Pohahontas, where the Doctor will resume his practice. We regret very much to lose this good family.

Leon Swartz went to Sikeston, Tuesday, on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Leon Swartz entertained the characters in the play to be given by Mr. Swartz's class, on Wednesday evening. This class spent a most enjoyable evening after the rehearsal, playing rick. Mrs. Swartz served sandwiches, cocoa and doughnuts.

PUBLIC SALE

AT THE

E. C. MATTHEWS FARM

Two miles south of Miner Switch and three miles southeast of Sikeston

THURSDAY, MARCH 2, 1922

Beginning at 10:00 O'clock Sharp, the following property:

Eight good middle-aged Work Mules.
One Saddle Mare.
Fifty Shoats weighing 75 pounds each.
Six Poland China Brood Sows.
One Registered Poland China Boar.
Six Milk Cows and Calves.
Ten Yearling Heifers and Bulls.
Five Registered Angus Bulls.

One 18-36 Avery Tractor
One 10-20 Cleveland Tractor
One Fordson Tractor

These Tractors are in first class condition.

Two 7-foot Deering Binders.
One Deering 4 1-2 foot Mower.
One Osborne Hay Rake.
One Osborne Hay Tedder.
One Empire 12-hole Disc Drill.
One Superior 14-hole Disc Drill.
Four Riding Pilot Cultivators, disc and shovel attachments.
Two John Deere Walking Cultivators.
Two Tandem Tractor Disc Harrows.
One 14-disc Harrow.
One Pegtooth Harrow.
One Single Row Harrow.
Two No. 41 Oliver Sulkies.
Five Walking Plows.
Three Weber & Damme Wagons, 3-3.
Two John Deere Manure Spreaders.
One John Deere Straw Spreader.

One Lime or Fertilizer Drill.
One John Deere Corn Planter.
One Single Row Corn Planter.
Four Hay Frames.
One Wheat Fan.
One Smut Machine.
One Hand Power Corn Sheller.
Two Gasoline Engines, 1 1-2 horsepower.
One Pump Jack.
One Force Cylinder Pump, with tools.
Five Bundles Baling Wire.
One Good Tool Box.
One Horse Power Corn Crusher.
Four Scoop Boards.
Three Rock Haul Beds.
Four Galvanized Iron Oil Tanks.
Ten Sets Work Harness, Collars and Bridles.
Briar Hooks—Scoops—Forks.
Myers Hay Carrier and Forks.
Pump Tools.
Fence Stretchers.
Grind Rock.
Emery Tool Sharpener.
Two Galvanized Iron Watering Tanks.
Cylinder Oil and Harness Oil.

650 Bales Pea and Clover Hay

Ten Tons Good Corn Silage.
75 Pounds Binder Twine.
Single, Double and Forble Trees.

TERMS: A credit by note for nine months on all sums over \$10, five per cent discount for cash. All sums of \$10 and under, cash.

Auctioneers, R. A. and J. E. McCord Clerks, Lacy Allard, Howard Morrison
Good lunch served on the grounds. (Roll Groves, chef)

EDW. C. MATTHEWS

MCMULLIN

Teams are busy hauling gravel from here for a new road.

Aunt Polly Smith is visiting in Grand Tower.

Mrs. Lynn Waggener returned to Charleston Monday after a weeks visit with homefolks here.

Our Sunday School has not the attendance it should have. Let's all work for a bigger and better Sunday School.

A few from here attended the 're-vival meeting at the Baptist Church in Sikeston.

W. B. Simpson has been sick for the past week, but is much improved at this writing.

Milford Benjamin, son of John and Callia Jones, died Friday, February 17. He was born March 12, 1921 in Medora, Ill. After a short funeral service, the little body was laid to rest in the Carpenter Cemetery. Little Milford leaves to mourn his loss a father, mother and five brothers, one brother and sister having preceded him to the heavenly home.

Mr. Jones and family are strangers here, moving here from Illinois about the first of January. The entire community sympathizes with them in the loss of their baby so soon after moving here.

"Let brotherly love continue, my sheep hear my voice and I know them and they follow me."

The family wishes to thank those who so ably assisted them in their hour of trouble.

New Madrid County now has nearly 700 miles of Dredge Boat Drainage ditches completed and we shall soon be able to announce that all our lands are arable. This work has already cost the landowners more than \$4,500,000. This has been a big job to reclaim St. John Bayou Bottom lands, about 78,000 acres, by a costly levee along the river.—New Madrid County Record.

Work called for and returned the same day. Call 127.

M. G. GRESHAM
Attorney-at-Law
Citizens Bank Building
Sikeston, Mo.

RALPH E. BAILEY
Lawyer
McCoy & Tanner Building
Sikeston, Mo.

J. N. SHEPPARD
Constable
Sikeston, Mo.
Collections a Specialty

DR. O. A. MITCHELL
Dentist
Citizens Bank Building
Sikeston, Mo.
Phone 417, Residence phone 208

B. F. BLANTON
Dentist
Sikeston, Mo.
Office: Dr. Smith's Rooms.

W. A. ANTHONY
Dentist
Sikeston, Mo.
Phone 530
Office: Scott County Milling Co. Bldg.

C. W. LIMBAUGH
Dentist
Dr. Harrelson's office
McCoy-Tanner Building
Sikeston, Mo.

HARRY C. BLANTON
Attorney-at-Law
Sikeston, Mo.
Rooms 210-12
Scott Co. Milling Co. Bldg.
Phones: Office 473 Res. 509

L. B. ADAMS
Veterinarian
Sikeston, Mo.
Office: At Residence, 903 N. Kings-highway.
Telephones: Office 444—Res. 350.

DR. C. T. OLD
Veterinary Surgeon
Sikeston, Mo.
Office: J. A. Matthews Wagon Yard.
Phone 114, Night, 221

DR. V. D. HUNTER
Osteopath
Citizens Bank Building
Sikeston, Mo.

DR. H. E. REUBER
Osteopathic Physician
257-258 McCoy Tanner Building
Telephone 132
SIKESTON, MO

DRS. TONELLI & MCCLURE
Physicians and Surgeons
Rooms 216-217
Scott County Milling Co. Bldg.
Phone 244
Sikeston, Mo.

MISS HELEN THOMAS
Notary Public, Public stenographer
Sikeston, Missouri
Office: 207 Scott County Milling Co. Building. Phone 138
Fire and Tornado Insurance

ENGLISH RADICALS
WANT U. S. TO FREE
POLITICAL PRISONERS.

London, Feb. 16.—To bring pressure to bear upon the United States to release its political prisoners English radicals have formed a committee headed by veteran labor leaders. The committee includes George Lansbury, editor of the Daily Herald; Robert Williams of the Transport Workers, and others.

Charles Ashleigh, English poet and I. W. W. deported from the United States after President Harding pardoned him, arrived here yesterday. He said his release was due to the efforts of literary men, among them H. G. Wells and Hudson Maxim. Ashleigh says he intends to work for the release of James Larkin, Irish labor leader, convicted as a criminal anarchist, and others.

Ashleigh said Larkin was not a criminal anarchist, but that the economic system of the United States was criminally anarchistic.

Have your brood sows take daily exercise each day, unless the weather is too stormy. It is a necessity, next to feed, for the benefit of the coming litter.

The sow does not need fattening feed, but feed to build muscle and bone. She should be in good flesh, strong and vigorous with only enough corn given to keep up the heat in cold weather.

The brood sow should be fed a laxative feed to keep the bowels in good condition. Oil cake and meal is one of the best aids for this purpose, a handful for each sow in the slop will usually keep the bowels in good order.

Free access to a box of charcoal, lime, wood ashes, all of which is moderately salted, will furnish mineral matter, which is needed by the brood sow for maintenance of the sow's bones and the growing bones of the litters.

Be careful that your sows or pigs, in their sleeping quarters, are not subject to cold draughts upon them, as colds are often taken this way and sometimes runs into pneumonia. Ventilation is all right and needed for health's support.

Do not feed your brood sows after breeding them any rye, either whole grain or ground, nor rye bran or middlings. Rye carries more ergot than any other grain. Ergot eaten by the sow is sure to produce abortion. This ergot is apparently a blighted black hard substance growing on the head of the rye.

By preventing scours and thumps, two of the most dreaded enemies that attack the little pigs fatally, do not overfeed the sow before the little pigs are able to use all the milk, as the milk left in the udder spoils and gives the pigs the scours, besides injuring the sow.

Do not make a sudden change in the sow's feed, as it is liable to cause the scours for the pigs. Make any change in feed gradual.

Prevent any draughts of cold wind to blow on the little pigs in their beds. If they catch cold it may cause scours. A spoiled can of fruit permitted in the sow's slop will cause a case of scours with the pigs.

Do not crowd the sow by overfeeding without having the pigs take daily exercise to prevent them becoming fat and having the thumps. If the pigs such and sleep only, they are almost sure to take on too much fat, which is followed with thumps. The prudent breeder sees that they are given moderate exercise around in their house at each feeding time. The fat pig is not the growing pig. The watchful breeder protects his breed against these troubles.

Mrs. Frank B. Cable is the champion woman farmer in South Dakota, her 40-acre field of corn averaging 80 bushels to the acre.

Mrs. Minnie G. Scherr recently appointed a deputy collector of internal revenue in Virginia, is the first woman in that State to be thus honored.

Mrs. Laura Slack and son, Theo. A., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Boone of New Madrid, Sunday.

Mrs. George Dempster is still improving in the hospital in Cairo. Also Mrs. Estes is better. Both of these ladies underwent operations last week.

The ladies of the Catholic Church will have a sale at the home of Mrs. Jane Mills on South New Madrid Street on Tuesday, February 28. The ladies will have aprons, bonnets, home-made cakes and candy and household articles. Everybody is invited. Refreshments will be served.

WANTED—To make share crop or rent farm.—Box 161, Charleston, Mo.

CURES COLDS IN A DAY

CASCARA QUININE

World's standard cold and flu gripper remedy. Demand red box bearing Mr. Hill's portrait and signature.

W. H. HILL CO., DETROIT

Genuine Goodrich Rain Coats

\$4.50

WHILE A LIMITED SUPPLY LASTS. GET YOURS TODAY

FARMERS SUPPLY COMPANY
HARDWARE DEPARTMENT

Dr. McClure was, on the sick list last week.

Clyde Richards was a visitor in Charleston, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Robbins of New Madrid were visitors to Sikeston Sunday.

WANTED—A home for a High School girl, who is willing to work for her board. Phone 228.

Mrs. Bower of Arkansas is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Reichle, of the Hotel Marshal.

White Leghorn eggs for sale. \$1.25 per setting of 16. Pure bred.—Alvis Lofton, R. 1, Sikeston, Mo. 3t pd.

Don't forget the Colonial Tea at the home of Mrs. Joe Matthews Wednesday afternoon from 3 to 5.

The Eastern Star Chapter will have a social meeting on Thursday evening in the Odd Fellows Hall and all members are urged to come.

The following went to St. Louis to drive back cars for the Stubbs-Greer Motor Co.: Ruby Jackson, Everett Dye, Bill Swinney and Jim Robertson.

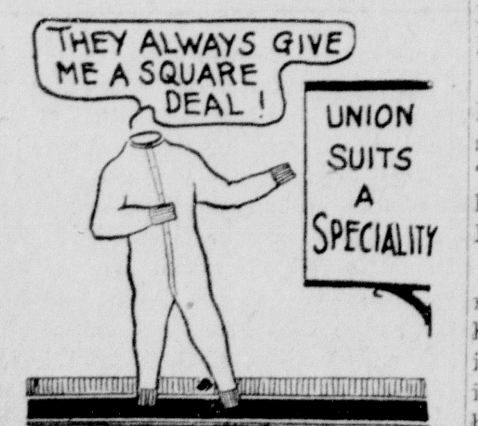
Mrs. H. L. Jones of Oran is visiting Mrs. Tom Meyers. Mrs. Jones is the widow of H. L. Jones, who was the Superintendent of the schools at Charleston last year.

Mrs. Lou Greer is at present making her home with her daughter, Mrs. Vernon Vaughn. She has rented her home furnished to Mr. and Mrs. Moore Greer, who had the misfortune to be burned out on December 24.

The ladies of the Catholic Church will have a sale at the home of Mrs. Jane Mills on South New Madrid Street on Tuesday, February 28. The ladies will have aprons, bonnets, home-made cakes and candy and household articles. Everybody is invited. Refreshments will be served.

J. H. Galeener returned from Memphis, Tenn., Sunday night, where he had gone to see E. E. Sheppard, who has been ill in the hospital there. Mr. Galeener reports that he found Mr. Sheppard much better and that he will not have to undergo the operation that was thought necessary when he was first taken to the hospital.

HOUSE WANTED—Four or five-room house wanted. Phone 907F4 or write Mrs. Jennie Sells, Sikeston, Mo.



YOUR UNDERGARMENTS

will be given a square deal at this laundry. They will not be sent back to you torn or minus buttons. You will receive them in a condition of spotless cleanliness. You will be mightily pleased with the courtesy you will receive at our hands. Investigate our work and our prices.

Sikeston Electric Laundry
Phone 165

HOME TALENT
PLAY A SUCCESS

"The Treat of Main Street" put on under the direction of Miss Hazel Stubbs, Friday evening in the Malone Theatre for the benefit of the Woman's Benefit Association of the Macabees, was a success both artistically and financially. The house was well filled and from the generous applause that greeted those taking part, everyone felt that they had had a very enjoyable evening.

The first number on the program was Aunt Jerusha's Quilting Party, and everyone of the ladies acquitted themselves splendidly. Mrs. Moccabe's rendering of a solo, was a scream and thoroughly enjoyed.

The next number was a song "She's a Mean Job", by Miss Fern Scott assisted by some of our pretties girls in very attractive costumes.

The songs sung by the quartette, composed of Clay, Dick, and Jack Stubbs and Tom Russell, were well received and the young men responded to the numerous encores very happily.

"The Sheik" with Doctor Tonelli, was well received. Dr. Tonelli's solo was very much enjoyed and the dances put on by Misses Eleanor McRae and Jack Albright were well received.

The last number on the program was the "Womanless Wedding". The bride was a "beauty" and the groom was nervous as they usually are. The rest of the wedding party looked the part. Everyone present pronounced it the best ever.

The Saturday night Bridge Club met with Miss Irma Wilson.

H. C. Blanton was in Essex Saturday on professional business.

Miss Hazel Wize of the C. L. Cook Grain Co., visited in Arkansas for a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Ferrell left for Racine, Wis., to visit a sister of Mrs. Ferrell's, who is ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Roberts were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Ferrell and family, Sunday.

The Co-Workers will meet with Mrs. Jess Kimes this afternoon instead of at the home of Mrs. L. O. Rodes, who is ill.

Sikestonians registered at St. Louis hotels Sunday were: E. C. Matthews, Jefferson; Lawrence Gross, Marquette; Ben J. Welter, Maryland.

Clarice Hunter, an old slave in the Hunter family, was in Sikeston for several days last week, looking up "her folks" among the old families here. Aunt Clarice is now living in New Madrid.

The U. D. C. held their regular meeting with Miss Susie Hay at her home on North Ranney. The meeting was called to order by the President, Mrs. J. N. Ross. After the business meeting, the program was given. Miss Burnice Tanner gave a splendid paper describing the home of Robert E. Lee, which is now known as Arlington, Va., and is a National Cemetery. Mrs. Ross gave a paper on Mrs. Leonora Rodgers Scheigler, of New York, who is the President General of the United Daughters of the Confederacy. Several applications for membership were received and will be acted on later. The next meeting will be held with Mrs. Jess Kimes on Saturday, March 4th.

VANITY BOTTLES FROM
EGYPT REACH LONDON

London, February 18.—A consignment of Eastern vanity bottles 2000 years old has recently reached London. Some were found with mummies of Egyptian women of fashion; others came from a Roman tomb in Nazareth.

They are stibium pots from the toilet tables of vanished beauty. Stibium is a preparation of finely powdered antimony with which Egyptian women darkened their eyelids and penciled their eyebrows.

Time has made these little vanity bottles thin and iridescent. They shine with beautiful prismatic tints of rich gold, green, blue, purple and red. When they arrived they were full of desert sand. Held against the light, they show that a dark deposit has eaten its way into the glass; it is twenty centuries old eye paint.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

CHIEF OF POLICE

We are authorized to announce Charles Clark as a candidate for Chief of Police of Sikeston, subject to the will of the voters at the April election.

We are authorized to announce J. N. Sheppard as a candidate for Chief of Police of Sikeston, subject to the will of the voters at the April election.

We are authorized to announce J. B. Randal as a candidate for Chief of Police of Sikeston, subject to the will of the voters at the April election.

CITY COLLECTOR

We are authorized to announce Miss Audrey Chaney as a candidate for the office of Collector of the Revenue for the City of Sikeston, subject to the will of the voters at the April election.

We are authorized to announce S. N. Shepherd as a candidate for the office of Collector of the Revenue for the City of Sikeston, subject to the will of the voters at the April election.

We are authorized to announce Clyde C. Demaris as a candidate for the office of Collector of the Revenue for the City of Sikeston subject to the will of the voters at the April election.

Notice of Administration

Notice is hereby given, that letters of administration on the estate of Leonard L. Vaughn, deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 25th day of January, 1922, by the Probate Court of Scott County, Missouri.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance within six months after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within one year from the date of said letters, they shall be forever barred.

Elmer Matthews, Administrator.
Witness my hand and seal of the (Seal) Probate Court of Scott County Thos. B. Dudley, Probate Judge.

Order of Publication.

Peoples Bank of Sikeston, a corporation, Plaintiff

vs.

M. P. Hart, Defendant

In the Circuit Court of Scott County,

Mo., to the August Term, 1922

Action on Notes and Attachment.

Now on this 15th day of February, 1922, in vacation of court, comes the plaintiff by its attorney, H. C. Blanton, before the undersigned clerk of said court and files its petition and affidavit in attachment, alleging among other things that the defendant has absconded or absented himself from his usual place of abode in the State of Missouri, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him. Whereupon it is ordered by the undersigned clerk of said court, in vacation, that publication be made notifying said defendant that the plaintiff in the above entitled cause has commenced an action against him in this court the object and general nature of which is to enforce the payment of two notes wherein the sum alleged to be due is Two Thousand One Hundred Twenty-Seven Dollars, and that said defendant's property has been attached; and unless said defendant be and appear before this court at the next regular term thereof, to be begun and held at the Court House in the town of Benton, Scott County, Missouri, on the Second Monday in August next, 1922, and on or before the first day of said term answer or plead to plaintiff's petition in said cause the same will be taken as confessed and judgment rendered accordingly as prayed in plaintiff's petition and his property sold to satisfy the same.

It is further ordered that a copy hereof be published for four weeks successively in The Sikeston Standard, a weekly newspaper of general circulation published in Scott County, Missouri, to be published once a week for four successive weeks the last insertion to be at least fifteen days before the first day of the said August Term, 1922 of said court.

H. F. Kirkpatrick, Clerk.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed (SEAL) the seal of said court. Done at my office in Benton, Mo., this 15th day of February, 1922.

H. F. KIRKPATRICK, Circuit Clerk.

Notice of Administration

Notice is hereby given, that letters of administration on the estate of J. Reese Applegate, deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 25th day of January, 1922, by the Probate Court of Scott County, Missouri.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance within six months after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within one year from the date of said letters, they shall be forever barred.

Ranney G. and S. Wallace Applegate, Administrators.

Witness my hand and seal of the (Seal) Probate Court of Scott County Thos. B. Dudley, Probate Judge.

MONUMENT—Remember at my yards here I show the finished monuments in granite and marble, ready to deliver and erect, at prices ranging from \$15.00 to \$1500.00 each.—Moore, "The Monument Man", Poplar Bluff, Mo. 12-6-3mo.

51c

We Are Paying Basis Today's Market for

No. 2 White or Yellow Shelled Corn

Two Cents Less For Grade No. 3

49c For No. 2 White or Yellow Ear Corn

Prices f. o. b. Car—One Week to Load

C. L. COOK GRAIN COMPANY

PHONE 249

VERDUN REMAINS A CITY OF RUINS

Paris, Feb. 18.—Many people, foreigners especially, will be surprised to learn that Verdun, whose glory and renown have been sung the world over, has received less help than most other war-ravaged cities in the shape of money for the purposes of rebuilding and restoration.

The Mayor has just made known in a letter to an association of war veterans that Verdun remains practically as it was at the moment of the armistice. True, a large number of houses seem to be intact, but only the fronts. Behind, there is nothing.

Before the war Verdun boasted a dozen schools. Now there are only two. The pupils are taught amid heaps of ruins or in windowless, doorless, tumble-down houses. The sewers and the water supply material urgently need to be overhauled. The town is deprived of gas and the electric lighting arrangements are still of a makeshift order. The streets and sidewalks are in a deplorable condition.

The funds at the disposal of the municipality are wholly inadequate, according to the Mayor, notwithstanding a small loan recently floated in France. Practically nothing can be done at the moment in the way of rebuilding, owing to lack of money, and writers in the Paris press are trying to awaken public opinion, pointing out that it would be a scandal to make Verdun wait for its resurrection until Germany pays her debt.

KILLS MAN WHO SHOT HIS TWO SONS DEATH

Dexter, Mo., February 18.—James Cooper shot and killed his nephew, Clarence Cooper, near Auquilla, at the Henley farm, about 6 o'clock tonight. This is the third killing in this family feud in the last few months. Clarence Cooper having killed two of James Cooper's sons, William and Edgar Cooper, August 13 last, as a result of a quarrel between sons of the two families.

We Wanted a Change.

(Omaha World-Herald).
We were getting a dollar six bits for our corn,
We could sell every hide from the hoof to the horn—
We wanted a change and we got it.
Now we're getting a quarter for corn.
It's so cheap
That we burn it for fuel, our toes warm to keep.
We can't sell the hides so we bury them deep—
But we wanted a change and we got it.
The poor working man pulled down eight bucks at day,
Now he's darned glad to work for half of that pay—
But we wanted a change and we got it.
There was work and a plenty for every man's son,
And warm food and shelter when that work was done;
Now millions are idle, heretofore there was none—
But we wanted a change and we got it.
Mr. Wilson spent quite a long time "over there";
For peace he was fighting, but what did we care—
We wanted a change and we got it.
Now all that we read is of golf and vacations,
Gay week-ends at summer resorts and plantations;
Not what we expect from the head of a Nation—
But we wanted a change and we got it.
We were prosperous and happy, well fed and gay,
Now millions of children go hungry each day—
We wanted a change and we got it.
Meanwhile we hear this: "It was certain to come—
Reaction from war time", and war three years done.
If we wanted a lemon we sure did pick one—
But we wanted a change and we got it.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Jones, who recently moved from Central Illinois to one of Hal Galeener's farms near Vanduser, had the misfortune to lose their son Friday. The little body was buried in the Carpenter graveyard Saturday. The Standard extends sympathy to Mr. and Mrs. Jones in the loss of their babe.

ROAD IMPROVEMENT IN STODDARD COUNTY

Richland township in Stoddard County has called for proposals to be opened at Essex on the 7th of March for the building of 4½ miles of gravel roads from the New Madrid County line west to Grays Ridge. At a later date bids will be called for to build the road from Grays Ridge on to Dexter. It is estimated that it will cost \$46,000 to grade and gravel this 4½ miles and bridges and culverts will cost \$40,000. When this strip of road is completed it will give a hard surfaced road from Dexter east to the River. From Dexter to Poplar Bluff, in dry weather, is a good piece of road that will give us a Cairo to Poplar Bluff road. It is only a matter of short time until the western half of this road from Dexter to Poplar Bluff will be hard surfaced, which will give Butler and adjoining counties their first outlet by dirt road to the Mississippi River. This will mean a great deal to Southeast Missouri.

Ten American women are now members of the National Sculpture Society.

Alfred Greer left last week for Rolla to enter the school there and study Civil Engineering.

More than 156,000 girls registered last year in Y. W. C. A. gymnasiums and swimming classes.

Dr. Lou A. Melton of Colorado is the only woman engineer in the employ of the Federal Government.

The W. C. T. U. will hold their regular meeting at the Methodist Church Wednesday afternoon. Members, requested to be present.

S. P. Loebe, editor of the Charleston Times, was a Sikeston visitor Sunday. He expects to install an No. 14 Linotype to his plant at an early date.

Clyde Peterman and wife from Sikeston arrived here Saturday to visit his parents, sisters and brothers a few miles out in the country. Fredericktown Democrat.

Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Mason, Miss Antoinette Grossman of Morehouse and Miss Lucile Lemley of Cleveland, Ohio, were dinner guests of Miss Hyacinth Sheppard, Sunday.

C. L. Blanton, Jr., left for St. Louis Friday afternoon and will return Tuesday afternoon or Wednesday morning. He will attend a meeting of the Short Ship Circuit at Poplar Bluff, Tuesday.

Major Lyle Malone was painfully injured in a fight at New Madrid last week and is confined to his home in Sikeston. His nose was broken as well as his jaw. The Standard is not in possession of the particulars.

T. B. Dudley, probate judge, has appointed H. C. Blanton as appraiser of the estate of the late Reese Applegate, for the purpose of assessing the State Inheritance Tax. Hearings will be held at the office of H. C. Blanton in Sikeston March 6.

The ladies of the Catholic Church will have a sale at the home of Mrs. Jane Mills on South New Madrid Street on Tuesday, February 28. The ladies will have aprons, bonnets, home-made cakes and candy and household articles. Everybody is invited. Refreshments will be served.

The "Four Horsemen" on at the Malone Theatre, February 20 and 21, is pronounced one of the big attractions of filmdom. The reels were run Sunday afternoon for the orchestra practice and those who witnessed it were highly pleased. Tickets at The Bijou.

The heavy rain Monday sort of put a damper on the spirits of the Blanton boys who are to have their sale this afternoon at the McCord barn. It will probably keep many from a distance from driving in cars, but the sale is to come off, rain or shine. The hogs are in top order, the boys are ready and if local buyers will turn out, it will be a satisfactory sale anyway.

The Sikeston Mercantile Co., are making a big improvement in their building, preparatory to moving their Gent's Clothing and Furnishing department to the main floor. A large stairway is being built in the center of the room and the ladies ready-to-wear will be moved to the front of the second floor, where they will have a better opportunity to display their beautiful line of ladies garments. The old stairway will be removed and that will then give them more floor space on the main floor to display their dry goods and shoes.

SPECIAL SALE OF HIGH CLASS TAILORING

300 large all-wool ends being shown, including all Domestic and Importations in new Spring Patterns

A Special Representative from A. E. Anderson & Co., Chicago

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday

Suit Prices \$30, \$35, \$40, \$45
For immediate and future delivery

If you are not ready to buy at this time, select your goods, let your measure be taken and give order later. No trouble to show samples and take measurement.

THE
QUALITY
STORE

SIKESTON

MERCANTILE CO.

SIKESTON
Mo.

NEWS LETTER FROM CHAFFEE

John Morgan has been suffering of chills the past week, but is getting better broken.

F. R. Ludwig is visiting at McMullin this week.

Earl Phayer, the eldest son, staying at home of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Phayer, is in St. John's hospital at St. Louis, suffering with chronic headache. The attending physicians state that the ailment will be relieved in a short time and that it is nothing alarming.

The floor of the local post office has been partially relaid with oak material. It is not particularly attractive, but is serviceable for the heavy traffic that traverses this portion of the building.

Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Finley have been on the sick list.

Mrs. Lillie Warmack has had a new coal house erected at her residence on South Main Street.

Mrs. W. B. Halbert visited at Cape Girardeau Friday.

Prof. Stephens is filing the temporary vacancy of Superintendent Green of the Public Schools.

Street improvement continues and the City Marshal has issued a proclamation that all rubbish and cinders in alleys to the rear of homes must be cleaned up on or before February 22, the edict being five days grace from the 17th.

H. H. Washburn has gone into the insurance business with P. N. Keller. Everyone knows Harry and he is glad he is establishing himself so suitably.

Mrs. W. D. Moore and daughter, Bert Moore Barnes, entertained at their home Saturday evening, a large gathering of ladies members of the Junior and Senior Bridge Clubs.

Miss Virginia Merritt visited at the Cape Friday, in company with Misses Clairice McBroom and Miss Martin.

The Live Stock Shipping Association with a manager at Oran, is doing good work for the live stock shippers with less than carload shipments. Farmers with small lots, can consolidate and ship with others and secure the low shipping charges, obtainable with carload shippers. Write the manager, telling him when you will have hogs or cattle for shipment.

Mrs. F. G. Faulkner and Mrs. H. W. Richardson entertained the Senior

and Junior Bridge Clubs at the Tomlinson residence on South Main St. Friday evening.

Rev. Father O'Leary is the delegate of the Alsobrook-Aubuchon American Legion local post to attend the conference at Benton February 25, in the interests of the State and National Bonus questions and other items of interest and importance for the Legion. Rev. O'Leary was elected Post Chaplain at the first meeting and election of officers. The army Chaplain commission does not expire until three years. He was solicited last spring to recite the last rites of the American Legion for two military funerals held here for returned bodies of fallen soldiers, before the local post was established.

Miss Helen Tomlinson reports that her sister, Blanche, is getting along nicely and her speedy recovery is expected.

B. D. Harsha underwent an operation Friday for appendicitis at St. Louis Frisco Hospital and is getting along fine after the operation.

S. B. McClure, an employee of the water service department, returned Friday, after a recent operation for appendicitis and is regaining his strength very nicely at home.

John Cochran, formerly employed at Chaffee in the Frisco general office, was here Saturday on a visit to see old acquaintances and friends. He denied the charge of being interested in any particular person, or persons.

First Class Sewing.—Mrs. W. S. Smith, Phone 71. 2t.

R. A. McCord and Newman Cox will hold a Poland China bred sow sale at Libbourn, Friday, March 10.

James P. Keating, magazine writer, asserted that George Sylvester Viereck, former editor of The Fatherland, had predicted the sinking of the Lusitania four days before it happened. Keating made this assertion in testifying for the Chicago Tribune in the \$500,000 libel suit living and thus diminishes the purport against the newspaper by Mayor Thompson, in connection with charges of pro-Germanism made the volume of business, checks industries against him. Keating then employed try and trade and, if adopted, will in as an assistant to Dr. William Bayard Hale in the German information bureau in New York, said: "I knew the Lusitania would be sunk on the Tuesday preceding the Friday when the sinking actually occurred. I learned of it in the course of conversation with Viereck at luncheon at the Holland House on that day. He said that the people who had sailed on the Lusitania were very foolish, as they certainly would be sunk on Thursday or Friday."

The Tax Goat

The search for a tax to provide for the bonus has finally reached the general consumer—the mass of the people, mostly poor and heavily burdened just now, but who are inarticulate and cannot make their voices heard in Washington. President Harding advises Congress, if it votes the bonus it should raise the revenue through a sales tax which will be paid by everybody.

The President intimates that the bonus would better be postponed to a more convenient season—will it ever come?—but if it is voted now the sales tax is the only resource.

The powerful groups, threatened with fresh taxes, could make their voices heard and raised such a storm that Congress fled to cover.

The potent automobile interests, with the owners of trucks and automobiles, killed the automobile and gasoline taxes.

The banks and brokers shouted down the stock transfer tax.

The theaters and movie interests scared Congress away from the amusement tax.

So it went. The financiers, the realty interests, the farmers and other groups, representing either wealth or votes, made their protests effective with threats of defeat for the Congressmen at the polls, so if there is a bonus to pay poor, oppressed Genesee Consumer must pay it.

The bonus tax is not to be levied in proportion to wealth and ability to pay, but upon everyone, regardless of his wealth or poverty.

Sales taxes mean taxes on all commodities which the public must buy. Everyone who purchases articles for use must pay the taxes. The tax will be added to the price of goods and the cost will fall upon the consumer, no matter whether he is employed or unemployed, whether he has a small family and a large income.

A sales tax increases the cost of living and thus diminishes the purchasing power of all consumers. The bonus is bad in principle and at this time is destructive policy, but it is the child of political expediency neither Congress nor the President is guided by considerations of sound principle or policy. Vote-getting policy rules at Washington, so that there is little ground for public expectation of a just conclusion of the subject.—Post-Dispatch.

NEW MADRID COUNTY REAL ESTATE SALES

Thomas Osborn and wife to Ernestine Parrett, all of New Madrid County: All that part of the north one-third of the NE¼ lying west of the right-of-way of the St. Louis & San Francisco Ry. in sec. 11, twp. 22, range 13. \$1950.

J. E. Erwin of East Prairie to E. C. Davis of East Prairie, the East half of sec. 17, twp. 24, range 15. \$40,000.00.

Ettie Sanders and husband to J. W. McColgan all of Stoddard County: Lot 9, block 7, in the city of Morehouse. \$550.

Marvin S. Murray and wife of Kansas City, Mo., to James W. Ogle of Moultrie Co., Ill. 240.04 acres of land located in sec. 7 and 18, twp. 25, range 13, for a more particular description see book 77, page 498. \$1.00 and other valuable consideration.

W. M. Cawhorn and wife to W. W. Laws of New Madrid County, Mo. One acre of land in the North part of the Northwest quarter of section 19, township 21, range 14. \$554.

Jesse Bryant and wife to W. M. Moore, all of New Madrid County: All of lot 21, block 15, village of Canolou. \$1.00 and ex. of property.

W. M. Moore to Jesse Bryant of New Madrid County: All of lot 22, in block 16, Himmelberger-Harrison Lumber Company Fourth Addition to Canolou. \$1.00 and exchange of property.

Wm. Yeager and wife to W. M. Moore all of New Madrid County: All of lots 7 and 8 in block 10, City of Canolou. \$500.

Chas. F. McMullin and wife to D. B. Kevil, all of Scott County: An undivided one-half interest in and to the 7½ of sec. 35, in twp. 23, range 12, East of the 6th, P. M., containing 320 acres. \$1.00.

Marriage Licenses.

Allen Adecock of Portageville to Freda Rodgers of Conran.

Delmar Little to Lottie Collins, both of Matthews.

Laverne Anderson of Risco to Mary H. Watson of Parma.

J. E. ones to Rachel Ravellette, both of Gideon.

DRAINAGE DISTRICTS MUST BEAR COST OF BRIDGES

Jefferson City, Mo., February 18.—The Supreme Court decided today that in instances where drainage districts create the necessity for bridges over their ditches, the districts must bear all the cost of the bridges. This is quite an important item to parts of the state where districts exist, and particularly so in Southeast Missouri. The suit in this case is state ex rel Kinder against the Little River Drainage District and involves the cost of sixty-three bridges at highway crossings over drainage ditches. There is a possibility, however, that this ruling may go to the court on banc for final disposition, as Judge Higbee dissented from the views of Judges D. E. Ball and Walker.

Robbers broke into the store of W. H. Hinchey at Saleado Friday night and carried off divers and sundry quantities of goods too numerous to mention. No clew up to Monday morning.

HELGOLAND NOW NEARS DESTRUCTION

New York, February 18.—The great German fortress of Helgoland probably will be completely demolished by next April. Its demolition has been in progress for two years under the supervision of an international commission, headed by Admiral Sir Edward Charlton, who is said to be satisfied that the island fortress can never again be a menace to the allies.

When the work of destruction is complete, it will be inspected by the commission and then the island is to be handed back to Germany, under the provisions of the peace treaty.

The commission has taken nothing for granted, but naval officers have watched the great guns cut into pieces and have demanded that the scrap metal be produced when the Germans reported that they had destroyed cartridges, cases, fuses, etc. Besides, they have personally watched the burning of vast stores of explosives. It is understood that Admiral Charlton is satisfied that very little in the way of warlike stores, can have been concealed by the Germans. The gun emplacements and harbor works have been destroyed and batteries of howitzers and aircraft guns demolished.

To make certain that Helgoland cannot again be utilized as a site upon which to build a harbor for warships, the commission has placed blocks of stone and concrete about the bed of the harbor so that dredging will not be possible. Eventually it is believed the harbor will be destroyed by the sea.

NEGRO WITH 17 WOUNDS TO BE TRIED IN MISSOURI

Cairo, Ill., February 16.—William Wells, negro, aged 40, with a total of seventeen wounds on his body, made by bullets, knives and razors, who was arrested at Cache, Ill., January 30, by Deputy Sheriff Frank Miller and Paul Clutts, after he had attacked Miller with a knife and had been disarmed in the struggle that followed, today was turned over to the Sheriff Kirkendall of Benton, Scott County, Mo., where seventeen indictments charging burglary and larceny await him. Wells was wanted in Tennessee, Mo., and Illinois, having left a trail of robbery covering many towns in each of these states.

Many thousands of dollars' worth of loot in the form of diamonds, jewels and various kinds of watches and guns, which the negro is alleged to have stolen from homes over different counties and towns of Illinois and Missouri, were found hidden in his house at the time of his arrest. Much of the loot has been returned to the owners.

A Durac sale at Bloomfield, Saturday, brought an average of \$60 per head.

The Standard is in receipt of a folder telling of the qualities of David M. Proctor, candidate for United States Senator on the Republican ticket. The editor has known the Proctor family for 45 years and this is the first Black Sheep of the family—the rest being Democrats. However, if James A. Reed is the Democratic nominee, we shall vote for Proctor.

Malone Theatre



The FOUR HORSEMEN of the APOCALYPSE

Monday-Tuesday, Feb. 20-21
MATINEE AND NIGHT

SKESTON STANDARD

C. L. BLANTON, EDITOR

ISSUED TUESDAY AND FRIDAYS
AT SKESTON, MISSOURI.Entered at the Postoffice at Skeston,
Scott County, Missouri, as second-
class mail matter, according to act
of Congress.THE STANDARD is the only paper
in Scott County that is published
twice-a-week; for newspaper read-
ers wanting the news while it is
News, and for advertisers desiring
quick results, it is the best medium.Rates:
Display advertising, per single column
inch, net25c
Reading notices, per line10c
Financial Statements for banks, \$6.00
Probate notices, minimum.....\$5.00
Yearly subscription anywhere in Scott
and adjoining counties\$2.00
Yearly subscription elsewhere in the
United States\$2.50Foreign Advertising Representative
THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATIONPOLITICAL LETTER
FROM WASHINGTON

By Wallace Bassford

Washington, D. C., Feb. 11.—The President is having Congress create thirteen more United States District Judgeships—another load for the backs of the overburdened taxpayers. Incidentally it given him an opportunity to take thirteen members of the Agricultural Bloc from the Senate and place them where he put Kenyon. Away back there when the world was young, the Emperor Tamerlane found that a petty sultan named Bajazet was in his way at times, so he threw the sultan into a cage and hauled him around the country for exhibition purposes. The President will soon have thirteen cages ready for the Senators who have annoyed him by standing up for the interests of the farmers. Curiously enough, there are just thirteen of these Senators still remaining in the Agricultural Bloc who can be depended upon to stand by the people on most occasions—except when there is a soft time-job time to be had.

Abe Martin says that his friend Ike Lark has bought a new pair of shoes with some money he had left over from the Wilson administration.

Perhaps few of the farmers in the country realize that the twenty million dollars which the Republican Congress so generously voted for the aid of a comparatively small section of Russia came out of the pockets of the wheat growers, many of whom are in real need of aid themselves. In other words, it was appropriated from the funds of the United States Grain Corporation and not from the United States Treasury, and the funds of the Grain Corporation represent profits made off the wheat growers. These profits amount to more than thirty million dollars. Another phase of the matter is the fact that Congress set a precedent in this case, for charity of this kind in the past has been by private subscription. In 1845 the country was so moved by the distress of Ireland, where the potato crop had failed under the burden of furnishing the principal support for the eight millions of people in the island at that time, that millions were raised by private subscription, but even then the Congress was not asked to make an appropriation. In the case of Russia there was plenty of food in the country, but Communism does not run true to its name, and the parts of Russia where food was abundant would not furnish it to the famine region without a price, and the price could not be raised by the sufferers. It must give the wheat farmer, who finds it hard to make ends meet, a pleasant thrill to think that he is helping to feed the Russians, while his own children may be in need of the ordinary necessities of life. The Bible says that he who does not look after his own household first is worse than a heathen.

The American Red Cross has announced that it has just spent \$100,000 to relieve some of the most urgent cases of actual distress among the people of certain parts of Mon-

tana and North Dakota. Congress took two hundred times that amount of money from the grain growers for the Russian relief. The Farmers' Council in this city has received a letter from Y. C. Mansfield, of Sunnyside, Washington, telling of conditions in several of the Northwestern states. He writes: "Many farmers are compelled to go to the bankers and beg for money to buy a sack of flour. Their crops were all mortgaged and taken from them. There are a great many who were unable last fall to seed their summer-fallowed ground, and there is no hope of their being able to do so in the spring." The most of the metropolitan newspapers do not print these stories, for they are members of the cabal of publishers who have agreed to print only news indicating that the administration is a success, and a throw on the floor all of the news depicting the tremendous amount of distress in the land.

The Republican National headquarters in Washington is already beginning to play the baby. Their latest screed sent out from here begins with these words: "It is the manifest intention of leaders of the Democratic party not to be fair in the coming campaign." Then they proceed to refer to the minority report on the tariff bill away back last spring—almost a year ago. When one thinks of all the sharp attacks that Democrats have made in the last few months, it is a remarkable testimonial to their fairness that the high-salaried publicity sharks of the Republican headquarters have to go back to last spring to find anything which is even claimed to be an unfair utterance on the part of the Democrats. And speaking of fairness, one is reminded of the millions of dollars spent in the last campaign to circulate thousands of tons of matter that had no basis of fact.

The administration is seeking to create a smoke-screen by vociferating loudly about the economies in this direction and that. Representative Byrnes, of South Carolina, took a shot through the smoke the other day and brought clearly into view the fact that while the President was talking about a direct saving of \$32,000,000 and an indirect saving of \$104,000,000 he has recently asked consideration of a deficiency bill amounting to \$108,704,286, which, when added to the two deficiency bills already passed, makes a grand total up to this time of \$336,537,953. Mr. Byrnes added: "I rejoice that the President reiterated his opposition to deficiencies, because I hesitate to think what amount would be requested if he were not opposed to deficiencies."

RANK INGRATITUDE.

The Standard is grieved that the Board of Directors of the Southeast Missouri Agricultural Bureau has seen fit to drop T. A. Wilson from the payroll of that Bureau. It was he who was the moving spirit in creating sentiment for this movement in the eight counties of Southeast Missouri and it was he who organized the counties and secured pledges for financing it. It was he who gathered together the materials for the exhibit and prepared it for the exhibit. It was he who went abroad in other sections to invite new capital to investigate and invest in our surplus lands, and it was he who is the victim of base ingratitude by a majority of Directors. The worst part of it was when he was suspended some \$800.00 was, and is, still due him. T. Wilson is the friend of everybody and no young man in the eight counties has more personal friends, and this piece of ingratitude is not to be passed lightly by a host of these friends who are subscribers to this fund. In the first place, the Constitution and By-Laws specify that the main office of the Southeast Missouri Agricultural Bureau shall be in Skeston, which has been abandoned. This has invalidated the notes that were given with this understanding and many of T. Wilson's friends will take advantage of same.

Women workers in Vienna earn from 1000 to 1500 crowns a week, which in American money amounts to a little over 20 cents.

"DOLLAR SIGN ON PATRIOTISM."

Congress is sweating over the problem of how to buy votes of ex-service men with a bonus without losing more votes through additional taxes. This is the usual predicament of office holders who follow expediency instead of principle and who substitute considerations of political advantage for conscience and judgment.

Congress, most of the members of which are opposed to the bonus, privately, in despair over the question of vote getting and vote losing. Between the demand for the bonus and the protests against the tax program Congress is in a panic and has decided to "pass the buck" to the President, who is himself against the bonus, but has weakly yielded to political expediency.

Fortunately, there are some members of the Senate and House who have the courage to stand by their convictions and speak out. Senator Borah is one of 11 Senators who are openly against the bonus. The Senator appealed to the ex-service men to prove the same patriotic spirit now that they proved during the war and sacrifice their monetary advantage for the good of the country. He warned them that, if they invade the Treasury, others will invade it; it will become a competition of elements in treasury raiding.

Alice M. Robertson, the Oklahoma Congresswoman, made a courteous and forceful speech to the Women's Republican Club of New York, in which she said the soldiers demanding a bonus lacked the patriotism of the Americans who fought in previous wars. "Those veterans," she said, "didn't put a price on their patriotism." She added: "If the veterans want the Government to put the dollar sign on their patriotism we can do it."

Congress will put the dollar sign on patriotism by voting the bonus, but they will put the vote sign on legislation, which is not less disgraceful. The responsibility rests, not on the citizens who ask favors, privileges, bonuses from the Government—there are always favor seekers—but on the administration and the Congress which grants them in return for political support.

Denunciation of the ex-service men who seek a bonus does not relieve Congress of its responsibility, nor does it relieve the President of his responsibility. They are the elected public servants, to whom the honor and safety of the republic is intrusted. They must decide between the public welfare and the private snafu.

Let us not be deceived with regard to the significance of this decision. The award of bonuses to strong, healthy Americans who seek it as largesse for service in defense of their country will be only the beginning of treasury raids. There is no question concerning the duty of the country towards sick and disabled veterans. They must be taken care of. But the war bonus is a different thing and marks the beginning of a course that will inevitably lead to disaster.

It marks the degeneracy of citizenship, but, above all, it marks the demoralization and degradation of the Government at Washington which is willing to open the public treasury for votes.

It is another phase of the degenerate and sordid policy of expediency which brought the eighteenth amendment and Volstead act upon the people against the convictions of a majority of legislators; which carried the confessedly vote-getting antilynching bill through the House and which has burdened the country with numerous costly bureaus. The questions, what can we do for this or that group of voters, have superceded the question of what shall we do for the welfare of the people. That way lies the bottomless pit.—Post Dispatch.

The Standard readers may be glad to know that this afternoon is the C. L. Blanton & Son's Poland China sale and they may get a rest on that subject for a while. The next day, Wednesday, is the Harper & Wallace Poland China sale at Bertrand. Then comes the Sikes-Renner Duroc sale on the 28th. These will all be good sales.

AN INDIAN LEGEND.

By Allan Hinchey.

According to a legend handed down from the Capaha Indians, the animals, serpents and birds of the Tyypapity Jungle of Southeast Missouri at one time dwelt in perfect amity, until the Rabbit, by his overbearing disposition, caused trouble and brought upon his descendants a curse that still abides.

It is difficult for us to imagine the rabbit as a trouble-maker among animals. It is also hard to believe that at one time the snake was the most harmless of all creatures. But according to the legend of the Tyypapity aborigines, such was the case.

In the long ago, says the legend, before the foot of man had traversed the woods, the animals, the serpents, fishes and birds dwelt in harmony. The Beaver, because he dwelt both on land and in water, was the ruler of the jungle, but his reign was one of love and kindness.

The Rabbit in those days had a long snow-white tail of silken fineness, of which he became very vain. As time passed the Rabbit became haughtier and developed a tyrannical disposition, being particularly overbearing toward the Snake, a creature of gentle nature.

The Beaver was distressed by the conduct of the Rabbit, and the other denizens of the jungle were made unhappy by their companion's ugliness of temper.

One day the Snake lost patience with the Rabbit and seized the long silken tail of his persecutor in his mouth. Long they fought and fiercely, until the Rabbit's tail was completely severed by the fangs of the Snake.

The denizens of the jungle demanded that the Beaver punish the Rabbit and the Snake for bringing strife into the land.

The Beaver pronounced the following sentence: Because of his tyrannical nature and cruelty to his fellows of the jungle, brought about by vanity, the Rabbit shall henceforth, he and his descendants unto the end of time, be deprived of his tail and shall become the most timid of animals, fleeing from the Fox, from the Wolf and the Serpent. And because he had mutilated the flowing tail of his brother, the Rabbit, the Snake is condemned to go through life, he and his kind, for all the days to come, with a mouth white as the Rabbit's tail that he had mutilated, and he and his family shall be shunned by all animals, birds and fishes of the jungle.

Miss Kate Wilson of Bartlesville, Ok., has the distinction of being the only full-blooded American Indian girl assistant secretary of a chamber of commerce.

Our Republican friends are having a hard time to secure sufficient sugar to coat all the bitter pills that are being forced on them by the National and State Administrations.

In 1920 there were 14,800 girls in the United States who were married at the age of 15 years. During the same year but 1600 boys of that age were married. Evidently spring chicken was in demand.

CONGRESSMAN INDICTS PROHIBITION ON 19 COUNTS.

Washington, Feb. 18.—Representative MacGregor, Republican, of Buffalo, N. Y., cited 19 "effects" yesterday to prove that prohibition is detrimental to the nation. The citation was made in urging that the manufacture of light wine and beer be permitted to raise the revenue to pay the soldiers' bonus. The 19 effects are:

1. It has deprived the people of their inherent right of liberty.
2. It has made a nation of hypocrites.
3. It has made law-breaking popular.
4. It has created a state of rebellion among millions of our citizens.
5. It has destroyed the sacredness of law.
6. It has resulted in the moral degeneration of our people.
7. It has made a whisky-drinking nation.
8. It has brought corruption in public office.
9. One of the complaints against George III set forth in the Declaration of Independence was: "He has erected a multitude of new offices and sent hither swarms of officers to harass our people." Our Government is doing what our founders fought against.
10. It has established a spy system in our country.
11. It has debauched our youth.
12. It has made bootlegging a respectable business.
13. It has given special privileges to the rich who can afford to buy liquors to entertain their prohibition friends.
14. It has taken away the harmless glass of beer from the working man and the light wine from those long accustomed to it.
15. It has subjected legitimate business to the whims, caprices and arrogance of Government officials.
16. It has increased taxation.
17. It has brought in its train all manner of petty grafting.
18. It has brought destruction of human life in its wake.
19. It has weakened the very foundation of our Government.

The Standard \$2.00 per year.

Are You A Woman?

If You Are in Middle Life, You Cannot Afford to Overlook One Word of This.

Kansas City, Mo.—"I found Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to be just what is claimed of it as a woman's medicine. During middle life I was all run-down, nervous and weak, could not eat nor sleep well; did not have a bit of strength, would be tired and worn-out all the time. I knew I must have medicine and finally decided to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and it was just the thing I needed as it brought me through in a good strong healthy condition. I always recommend it to my friends, many of whom have taken it with just as good results."—Mrs. Albert Leedom 3713 Garfield Ave.

All druggists, tablets or liquid; or send 10c to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y., for a trial package of tablets.

"You go right back and bring Juanita Flour."

Some how, when one gets used to baking with Juanita flour, you just will keep on using it right along.

It never occurs to you to ask for "a sack of flour" you know why you want Juanita and what it means to your baking.

Juanita flour is at your grocers. But it can't tell you how good it is, until it is in your home where you can try it. Why not say to the grocer just what you're thinking "Send me a sack of Juanita this time—I've heard so much about it, try it."

FREE. New 32-page booklet, containing actual photograph pictures of all 24 of the prize winning articles in the recent Juanita sewing contest—showing the many, many pretty practical things that you can make with Juanita sacks. You surely don't want to miss getting your copy—send up the name of some grocer who does not handle Juanita Flour, we will mail one to you free.

Scott County Milling Co., Skeston, Mo.

JUANITA
(Say Wah-neeta) Flour

COLONIAL TEA

Given at the home of Mrs. J. L. Matthews for the fund of the Memorial Building pledged by D. A. R.

Washington's Birth Day

Wednesday, February 22 from 3 to 5 p.m.

All the ladies of Skeston and vicinity are invited to be present. A silver offering will be taken.

Scott County Abstract Co.
BENTON - MISSOURI

Compiles Abstracts of Title to Lands and Town Lots in This County

W. H. STUBBLEFIELD, President
H. D. RODGERS, Vice President
HAROLD STUBBLEFIELD, Secretary-Treasurer
Farm loans, long time, low interest rate. Correspondence invited.

LOST
STRAYED OR STOLEN

On Thursday night, February 9, a light bay blazed face 2-year-old filly; on Thursday night, February 16, a black blazed face 2 1-2 year-old horse colt. This stock is about 14 hands high. Liberal reward will be paid for information leading to the recovery of these animals.

S. A. FINLEY, BERTRAND, MO.

W. H. SIKES

RENNER BROS.

BLUE RIBBON STOCK FARM

ANNUAL SALE OF BRED SOWS AND GILTS---40 IN NUMBER

AT SKESTON, MO., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 1922

Sows are sired by such boars as Joe Orion Friend 286201, B. R. Orion Sensation 193691 and bred to our great young boar, Sensation Supreme 401941. Sensation Supreme is said to be the largest and one of the best Duroc boars in the state.

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE

ADVERTISE ONLY ACTUAL TRUTHS

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 19.—"Truth Week," Feb. 19-25, is the subject of a letter to the Twice-a-Week Standard from the Advertising Club of St. Louis, in which this newspaper is credited with having assisted materially in the crusade for TRUTH IN ADVERTISING by running the educational course furnished by the Advertising Club of St. Louis in connection with its class in advertising.

Says the Advertising Club letter: "The good advertising men whom you are helping us to produce will tell the truth in their advertising copy for two reasons: First, because they will know that truthfulness is right; second, because they will know that truthfulness pays."

Intended at first to be confined each year to the city in which the National Better Business Commission happened to hold its February semi-annual meeting, "Truth Week" quickly assumed national proportions. Thus the meeting of that commission in St. Louis, February 21-24 will mark the beginning of a movement for the observance annually throughout the United States of "Truth Week," to include the anniversary of the birth of George Washington, the most famous of all advocates of truthfulness, and to be dedicated to "Truth in Advertising."

"Truth" will be the theme of the sermons in many St. Louis churches on Sunday, the day of the formal opening of "Truth Week," and many of the newspaper advertisements, window displays, special sales, etc., throughout the week.

An event of "Truth Week" vitally concerning all cities and towns in St. Louis trade territory states will be the inauguration by the Better Business Bureau of St. Louis of a free advisory service for such cities and towns, whereby reliable information as to the legitimacy of illegitimacy of securities or on any other subject within the scope of the bureau's activities may be had for the asking.

The first of the Better Business Bureaus, that at Minneapolis, Minn., is but eight years old, according to E. J. Brennan, Manager-Counselor of the Better Business Bureau of St. Louis, which was one of the pioneers. Mr. Brennan recalls that the first bureau manager was H. J. Kenner, then of Minneapolis, but now the director of the National Vigilance Committee, with headquarters in New York City. Just as the Better Business Bureau of St. Louis is associated with the Advertising Club of St. Louis, so virtually every other bureau represented on the National Better Business Commission is associated with the advertising club of its city. The National Commission in turn is affiliated with the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World.

War on purveyors of fraudulent and worthless securities was waged relentlessly by the Better Business Bureau of St. Louis during the year that ended September 30 last, and several prosecutions resulted from activities of the bureau, which in its annual report says:

"The known investment shark was followed and, whenever possible, made to pay the penalty of his acts. Every advantage was taken of publicity opportunities in order to hammer home the realization that investments must be made with care and discernment. Finally, the information service of the bureau was developed to its fullest extent. The bureau never answers the question whether a given legitimate security is a good or bad buy at a given time but always approaches inquiries from the point of view of legitimacy."

A total of 1778 files were opened by the St. Louis bureau in the course of the year covered by its last report, 742 of these concerning investments and the 1033 others relating to merchandise matters. About 1584 requests for information were received and answered during the year and 720 advertisements were referred by newspapers. Last year's cases exceeded those of the immediately preceding year by about 100 per cent.

San Francisco's Better Business Bureau has developed a jury system, the last annual report, published in January, shows.

"In the early part of the present year the large number of cases brought to this bureau for consideration and the enormous detail involved in each demonstrated the necessity of evolving some methods of quickly, fairly and impartially dealing with these matters," says the San Francisco report. "Your legal department thereupon devised and brought into active operation the so-called 'jury' or committee system of hearing cases. The person or firm against whom any complaint is made charging a violation of the advertising law or of business ethics, which involves the good will of that firm or of business generally, is not summoned to the courts or the District Attorney's office, but is invited to the offices of the Advertising Club."

The Better Business Bureau of Philadelphia, in its report on the year ending November 1 last, records the passage in Pennsylvania of an act imposing a fine and penalty for misleading and fraudulent advertising.

"In general the bureau's activities have in a measure helped to wipe out the fake bankrupt, fire, auction and other sales which perpetrate merchandising frauds upon the public and undermine confidence in legitimate retail establishments," the Philadelphia report states.

Detroit's Better Business Bureau reports that in the year ending December 31 last fifty-three cases were taken before the prosecuting attorney of Wayne county and 540 reports were issued to investors or prospective investors.

The annual report of the Advertisers' Protective Bureau, Inc., of Kansas City, which is that community's Better Business Bureau, claims six important accomplishments, including the stopping of sales of ap-

proximately \$500,000 worth of unreliable securities.

An increase of almost 100 per cent (from 561 in the year ending May 1, 1920, to 1007 in the year ending May 1, 1921) in cases requiring actual investigation and analytical work is shown by the annual report of the Better Business Bureau of Louisville.

The first annual report of the Better Business Bureau of Richmond, Ind., shows that bouncing baby on its first birthday had to its credit 547 complaint cases, 180 of which had proved to be justified or worthy of a bulletin to the membership. Regarding honesty and dishonesty in advertising, the Richmond report says:

"Immediately on its inception this bureau found, as has been the experience of other bureaus earlier in the field, that offenders against truthfulness in advertising fall into three general classifications: first, the man who believes in honest advertising because he believes in hon-

esty; second, the man who believes in honest advertising because he thinks it is a good policy; and third, the man who does not believe in honest advertising at all."

The above random snatches from annual reports of Better Business Bureaus in different sections of the country furnish some idea of the great work that is being done by Better Business Bureaus generally.

Excerpts from a few bulletins sent out by the Better Business Bureau of St. Louis will serve to explain a service which is being carried on with splendid results by all Better Business Bureaus. These excerpts follow:

"IMITATION IVORY—There has been so much divergence in describing these articles that, as a matter of service, the Bureau suggests ways of describing them and lists them in order of their exactness: 1, imitation ivory; 2, manufactured ivory; 3, ivory color toilet articles; 4, ivory finish toilet articles; 5, ivory composition toilet articles; 6, ivory white toilet

articles; 7, copyrighted names in which the word ivory is used as an adjective, as 'Ivory Pyralin,' 'Ivory Celluloid,' etc. Note: The word 'ivory' should never be used as a noun to designate imitations. Such expressions as 'French Ivory,' 'Parisian Ivory,' 'American Ivory,' 'Persian Ivory,' etc., are misleading and should not be used."

"KID VERSUS SHEEPSKIN—On several occasions we have found it necessary to correct advertisers who use the word 'kid' to designate a leather made from the skin of a sheep. 'Kid' is properly applied only to leather from the hide of a goat. Goatskin and sheepskin resemble each other very closely and as the former is much superior to the latter, some advertisers have seen fit to misrepresent by giving the inferior leather the name of the superior."

"CALICO VERSUS PERCALE—The Bureau has received a number of complaints concerning an alleged improper use of the word 'percale.' It

is claimed this word has been used to describe a material generally understood by the public to be calico. We have gone to great lengths to get a satisfactory adjustment of this matter but there seems to be no agreement among retailers, wholesalers or manufacturers. Some maintain the only difference between calico and percale is the width, the former coming 24 and the latter in 36 inch. It is really more important that advertisers understand and appreciate the point-of-view of the public because, after all, what builds or destroys reader-confidence is not what a thing actually and technically is but rather the mental picture formed by readers of advertising and its relation to the merchandise itself, as understood by the public on actual contact. Of course, the Bureau cannot canvass and find out the understanding of everyone but, after interviewing many, the consumer-definition of percale seems to be a material that comes wider than calico and that is both

more substantial (close woven) and better (smoother) finished."

"POPLIN—The most popular poplin cloth, at the present time, is a mixture of silk and cotton or silk and wool, but it seems that many merchants advertise the former as 'silk poplin.' Poplin is not a material but a weave. It is a fabric having 'fine, cross ribs, irrespective of the material they are made of.' If the material is all silk it is proper to call the fabric 'silk poplin.' If the material is a mixture of silk and some other material, the fabric should be advertised 'silk mixed poplin' or 'silk and wool poplin' or 'silk and cotton poplin,' according to the material the fabric contains in addition to the silk."

"BLANK AUTO TIRE COMPANY (the word 'blank' being here substituted for the concern's real name, which appears, with its address, at the head of the report)—This company advertised a 30x3 Michelin automobile tire for \$10.00 and a 30x3 1/2 Goodrich for \$13.75 in such a way as to lead the reader of advertising to believe that they were 'first' when, as a matter of fact, both were 'seconds.' This offense against truth in advertising is not confined to this particular advertiser but appears to be practiced by others. These others are under investigation at the present time and the facts concerning their advertising, if found to be censurable, will be published in a subsequent report."

The St. Louis meeting of the National Better Business Commission will be the first ever held by it on days including Washington's Birthday. The need for a semi-annual meeting of the commission in February of each year and close association of the name of Washington with the idea of truth-telling naturally drew the two great truth influences together, and possibly helped to inspire "Truth Week."

Daily sessions of the commission will be held in the assembly hall on the seventeenth floor of the Hotel Statler, and the Advertising Club of St. Louis will have as guests at a big Washington's Birthday demonstration all visiting Bureau managers and as speakers members of the Board of Governors of the National Better Business Commission, which board consists of Richard H. Lee, Chairman of the National Vigilance Committee; H. J. Kenner, director of the National Vigilance Committee; William P. Green, secretary-treasurer of the board and field secretary of the National Vigilance Committee; Edward L. Greene, of Cleveland, and George S. Langland, of Minneapolis.

MATTHEWS ITEMS.

Prof. O. T. Honey of Chaffee, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Steel, last week.

Mrs. W. A. Singleton is in Sikeston this week under a doctor's treatment.

Judge W. L. Stacy of Sikeston, was in Matthews, Wednesday, on business.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Dick Burch, Tuesday, February 14th, a son.

Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Carroll motored to Sikeston, Tuesday, on business.

The family of G. F. Deane, who have the small pox, are reported to be getting along much better.

Sheriff Ambrose Kerr and son of New Madrid, were in Matthews, Tuesday, on business.

Mrs. Ted Swartz went to Cairo, Tuesday.

The play to be given by Leon Swartz's class, "Forest Acres," has been postponed until the small pox epidemic is entirely out of danger of spreading. At the present these have been no cases here except in the family of G. F. Deane, which is in a light form. Programs for this play will be printed at an early date. The play will be given soon.

Mr. and Mrs. Amos Buchanan and little son of Sikeston, spent Sunday with Mrs. Buchanan's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hill.

L. Deane went to Sikeston, Monday, on business.

Judge B. F. Swartz went to New Madrid, Tuesday, on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Sutton and Miss Vera Roberts spent from Saturday until Monday at Farrenburg, visiting Mr. and Mrs. Alville Fulkerson.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Hill have moved on their farm, east of Matthews.

D. A. Chiles returned home, Tuesday, from Cape Girardeau, where he has been visiting relatives.

Dr. R. D. Blaylock and son, Howard, left, Tuesday, for their old home in Polahontas, where the Doctor will resume his practice. We regret very much to lose this good family.

Leon Swartz went to Sikeston, Tuesday, on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Leon Swartz entertained the characters in the play to be given by Mr. Swartz's class, on Wednesday evening. This class spent a most enjoyable evening after the rehearsal, playing rook. Mrs. Swartz served sandwiches, cocoa and doughnuts.

PUBLIC SALE

AT THE

E. C. MATTHEWS FARM

Two miles south of Miner Switch and three miles southeast of Sikeston

THURSDAY, MARCH 2, 1922

Beginning at 10:00 O'clock Sharp, the following property:

Eight good middle-aged Work Mules.

One Saddle Mare.

Fifty Shoats weighing 75 pounds each.

Six Poland China Brood Sows.

One Registered Poland China Boar.

Six Milk Cows and Calves.

Ten Yearling Heifers and Bulls.

Five Registered Angus Bulls.

One 18-36 Avery Tractor

One 10-20 Cleveland Tractor

One Fordson Tractor

These Tractors are in first class condition.

Two 7-foot Deering Binders.

One Deering 4 1-2 foot Mower.

One Osborne Hay Rake.

One Osborne Hay Tedder.

One Empire 12-hole Disc Drill.

One Superior 14-hole Disc Drill.

Four Riding Pilot Cultivators, disc and shovel attachments.

Two John Deere Walking Cultivators.

Two Tandem Tractor Disc Harrows.

One 14-disc Harrow.

One Pegtooth Harrow.

One Single Row Harrow.

Two No. 41 Oliver Sulkies.

Five Walking Plows.

Three Weber & Damme Wagons, 3-3.

Two John Deere Manure Spreaders.

One John Deere Straw Spreader.

One Lime or Fertilizer Drill.

One John Deere Corn Planter.

One Single Row Corn Planter.

Four Hay Frames.

One Wheat Fan.

One Smut Machine.

One Hand Power Corn Sheller.

Two Gasoline Engines, 1 1-2 horsepower.

One Pump Jack.

One Force Cylinder Pump, with tools.

Five Bundles Baling Wire.

One Good Tool Box.

One Horse Power Corn Crusher.

Four Scoop Boards.

Three Rock Haul Beds.

Four Galvanized Iron Oil Tanks.

Ten Sets Work Harness, Collars and Bridles.

Briar Hooks—Scoops—Forks.

Myers Hay Carrier and Forks.

Pump Tools.

Fence Stretchers.

Grind Rock.

Emery Tool Sharpener.

Two Galvanized Iron Watering Tanks.

Cylinder Oil and Harness Oil.

650 Bales Pea and Clover Hay

Ten Tons Good Corn Silage.

75 Pounds Binder Twine.

Single, Double and Forble Trees.

TERMS: A credit by note for nine months on all sums over \$10, five per cent discount for cash. All sums of \$10 and under, cash.

Auctioneers, R. A. and J. E. McCord Clerks, Lacy Allard, Howard Morrison

Good lunch served on the grounds. (Roll Groves, chef)

EDW. C. MATTHEWS

MCMULLIN

Teams are busy hauling gravel from here for a new road.

Aunt Polly Smith is visiting in Grand Tower.

Mrs. Lynn Waggener returned to Charleston Monday after a weeks visit with homefolks here.

Our Sunday School has not the attendance it should have. Let's all work for a bigger and better Sunday School.

A few from here attended the revival meeting at the Baptist Church in Sikeston.

W. B. Simpson has been sick for the past week, but is much improved at this writing.

Milford Benjamin, son of John and Callia Jones, died Friday, February 17. He was born March 12, 1921 in Medora, Ill. After a short funeral service, the little body was laid to rest in the Carpenter Cemetery. Little Milford leaves to mourn his loss a father, mother and five brothers, one brother and sister having preceded him to the heavenly home.

Mr. Jones and family are strangers here, moving here from Illinois about the first of January. The entire community sympathizes with them in the loss of their baby so soon after moving here.

"Let brotherly love continue, my sheep hear my voice and I know them and they follow me."

The family wishes to thank those who so ably assisted them in their hour of trouble.

New Madrid County now has nearly 700 miles of Dredge Boat Drainage ditches completed and we shall soon be able to announce that all our lands are arable. This work has already cost the landowners more than \$4,500,000. This has been a big job to reclaim St. John Bayou Bottom lands, about 78,000 acres, by a costly levee along the river.—New Madrid County Record.

Work called for and returned the same day. Call 127.

M. G. GRESHAM
Attorney-at-Law
Citizens Bank Building
Sikeston, Mo.

RALPH E. BAILEY
Lawyer
McCoy & Tanner Building
Sikeston, Mo.

J. N. SHEPPARD
Constable
Sikeston, Mo.
Collections a Specialty

DR. O. A. MITCHELL
Dentist
Citizens Bank Building
Sikeston, Mo.
Phone 417, Residence phone 208

B. F. BLANTON
Dentist
Sikeston, Mo.
Office: Dr. Smith's Rooms.

W. A. ANTHONY
Dentist
Sikeston, Mo.
Phone 530
Office: Scott County Milling Co. Bldg.

C. W. LIMBAUGH
Dentist
Dr. Harrelson's office
McCoy-Tanner Building
Sikeston, Mo.

HARRY C. BLANTON
Attorney-at-Law
Sikeston, Mo.
Rooms 210-12
Scott Co. Milling Co. Bldg.
Phones: Office 473 Res. 509

L. B. ADAMS
Veterinarian
Sikeston, Mo.
Office: At Residence, 903 N. Kings-highway.
Telephones: Office 444—Res. 350.

DR. C. T. OLD
Veterinary Surgeon
Sikeston, Mo.
Office: J. A. Matthews Wagon Yard.
Phone 114, Night, 221

DR. V. D. HUNTER
Osteopath
Citizens Bank Building
Sikeston, Mo.

DR. H. E. REUBER
Osteopathic Physician
257-258 McCoy Tanner Building
Telephone 132
SIKESTON, MO

DRS. TONELLI & MCCLURE
Physicians and Surgeons
Rooms 216-217
Scott County Milling Co. Bldg.
Phone 244
Sikeston, Mo.

MISS HELEN THOMAS
Notary Public, Public Stenographer
Sikeston, Missouri
Office: 207 Scott County Milling Co. Building. Phone 138
Fire and Tornado Insurance

ENGLISH RADICALS
WANT U. S. TO FREE
POLITICAL PRISONERS.

London, Feb. 16.—To bring pressure to bear upon the United States to release its political prisoners English radicals have formed a committee headed by veteran labor leaders. The committee includes George Lansbury, editor of the Daily Herald; Robert Williams of the Transport Workers, and others.

Charles Ashleigh, English poet and I. W. W. deported from the United States after President Harding pardoned him, arrived here yesterday. He said his release was due to the efforts of literary men, among them H. G. Wells and Hudson Maxim. Ashleigh says he intends to work for the release of James Larkin, Irish labor leader, convicted as a criminal anarchist, and others.

Ashleigh said Larkin was not a criminal anarchist, but that the economic system of the United States was criminally anarchistic.

Have your brood sows take daily exercise each day, unless the weather is too stormy. It is a necessity, next to feed, for the benefit of the coming litter.

The sow does not need fattening feed, but feed to build muscle and bone. She should be in good flesh, strong and vigorous with only enough corn given to keep up the heat in cold weather.

The brood sow should be fed a laxative feed to keep the bowels in good condition. Oil cake and meal is one of the best aids for this purpose, a handful for each sow in the slop will usually keep the bowels in good order.

Free access to a box of charcoal, lime, wood ashes, all of which is moderately salted, will furnish mineral matter, which is needed by the brood sow for maintenance of the sow's bones and the growing bones of the litters.

Be careful that your sows or pigs, in their sleeping quarters, are not subject to cold draughts upon them, as colds are often taken this way and sometimes runs into pneumonia. Ventilation is all right and needed for health's support.

Do not feed your brood sows after breeding them any rye, either whole grain or ground, nor rye bran or middlings. Rye carries more ergot than any other grain. Ergot eaten by the sow is sure to produce abortion. This ergot is apparently a blighted black hard substance growing on the head of the rye.

By preventing scours and thumps, two of the most dreaded enemies that attack the little pigs fatally, do not overfeed the sow before the little pigs are able to use all the milk, as the milk left in the udder spoils and gives the pigs the scours, besides injuring the sow.

Do not make a sudden change in the sow's feed, as it is liable to cause the scours for the pigs. Make any change in feed gradual.

Prevent any draughts of cold wind to blow on the little pigs in their beds. If they catch cold it may cause scours. A spoiled can of fruit permitted in the sow's slop will cause a case of scours with the pigs.

Do not crowd the sow by overfeeding without having the pigs take daily exercise to prevent them becoming fat and having the thumps. If the pigs such and sleep only, they are almost sure to take on too much fat, which is followed with thumps. The prudent breeder sees that they are given moderate exercise around in their house at each feeding time. The fat pig is not the growing pig. The watchful breeder protects his breed against these troubles.

Mrs. Frank B. Cable is the champion woman farmer in South Dakota, her 40-acre field of corn averaging 80 bushels to the acre.

Mrs. Minnie G. Scherr recently appointed a deputy collector of internal revenue in Virginia, is the first woman in that State to be thus honored.

Mrs. Laura Slack and son, Theo. A., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Boone of New Madrid, Sunday.

Mrs. George Dempster is still improving in the hospital in Cairo. Also Mrs. Estes is better. Both of these ladies underwent operations last week.

The ladies of the Catholic Church will have a sale at the home of Mrs. Jane Mills on South New Madrid Street on Tuesday, February 28. The ladies will have aprons, bonnets, home-made cakes and candy and household articles. Everybody is invited. Refreshments will be served.

WANTED—To make share crop or rent farm.—Box 161, Charleston, Mo.

CURES COLDS IN A DAY
CASCARA QUININE
World's standard cold and flu gripe remedy. Dissolved and hot water. Mr. Hill's portrait and signature.
W. H. HILL CO. DETROIT

Genuine Goodrich Rain
Coats

\$4.50

WHILE A LIMITED SUPPLY
LASTS. GET YOURS
TODAY

FARMERS SUPPLY COMPANY

HARDWARE DEPARTMENT

Dr. McClure was, on the sick list last week.

Clyde Richards was a visitor in Charleston, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Robbins of New Madrid were visitors to Sikeston Sunday.

WANTED—A home for a High School girl, who is willing to work for her board. Phone 228.

Mrs. Bower of Arkansas is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Reichle, of the Hotel Marshal.

White Leghorn eggs for sale. \$1.25 per setting of 16. Pure bred.—Alvis Lofton, R. 1, Sikeston, Mo. 3t pd.

Don't forget the Colonial Tea at the home of Mrs. Joe Matthews Wednesday afternoon from 3 to 5.

The Eastern Star Chapter will have a social meeting on Thursday evening in the Odd Fellows Hall and all members are urged to come.

The following went to St. Louis to drive back cars for the Stubbs-Greer Motor Co.: Ruby Jackson, Everett Dye, Bill Swinney and Jim Robertson.

Mrs. H. L. Jones of Oran is visiting Mrs. Tom Meyers. Mrs. Jones is the widow of H. L. Jones, who was the Superintendent of the schools at Charleston last year.

Mrs. Lou Greer is at present making her home with her daughter, Mrs. Vernon Vaughn. She has rented her home furnished to Mr. and Mrs. Moore Greer, who had the misfortune to be burned out on December 24.

The ladies of the Catholic Church will have a sale at the home of Mrs. Jane Mills on South New Madrid Street on Tuesday, February 28. The ladies will have aprons, bonnets, home-made cakes and candy and household articles. Everybody is invited. Refreshments will be served.

J. H. Galeener returned from Memphis, Tenn., Sunday night, where he had gone to see E. E. Sheppard, who has been ill in the hospital there. Mr. Galeener reports that he found Mr. Sheppard much better and that he will not have to undergo the operation that was thought necessary when he was first taken to the hospital.

HOUSE WANTED—Four or five-room house wanted. Phone 907F4 or write Mrs. Jennie Sells, Sikeston, Mo.



YOUR UNDERGARMENTS

will be given a square deal at this laundry. They will not be sent back to you torn or minus buttons. You will receive them in a condition of spotless cleanliness. You will be mightily pleased with the courtesy you will receive at our hands. Investigate our work and our prices.

Sikeston Electric Laundry
Phone 165

HOME TALENT
PLAY A SUCCESS

"The Treat of Main Street" put on under the direction of Miss Hazel Stubbs, Friday evening in the Malone Theatre for the benefit of the Woman's Benefit Association of the Macabees, was a success both artistically and financially. The house was well filled and from the generous applause that greeted those taking part, everyone felt that they had had a very enjoyable evening.

The first number on the program was Aunt Jerusha's Quilting Party, and everyone of the ladies acquitted themselves splendidly. Mrs. Moccabe's rendering of a solo, was a scream and thoroughly enjoyed.

The next number was a song "She's a Mean Job", by Miss Fern Scott assisted by some of our pretties girls in very attractive costumes.

The songs sung by the quartette, composed of Clay, Dick, and Jack Stubbs and Tom Russell, were well received and the young men responded to the numerous encores very happily.

"The Sheik" with Doctor Tonelli, was well received. Dr. Tonelli's solo was very much enjoyed and the dances put on by Misses Eleanor McRae and Jack Albright were well received.

The last number on the program was the "Womanless Wedding". The bride was a "beauty" and the groom was nervous as they usually are. The rest of the wedding party looked the part. Everyone present pronounced it the best ever.

The Saturday night Bridge Club met with Miss Irma Wilson.

H. C. Blanton was in Essex Saturday on professional business.

Miss Hazel Wize of the C. L. Cook Grain Co., visited in Arkansas for a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Ferrell left for Racine, Wis., to visit a sister of Mrs. Ferrell's, who is ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Roberts were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Ferrell and family, Sunday.

The Co-Workers will meet with Mrs. Jess Kimes this afternoon instead of at the home of Mrs. L. O. Rodes, who is ill.

Sikestonians registered at St. Louis hotels Sunday were: E. C. Matthews, Jefferson; Lawrence Gross, Marquette; Ben J. Welter, Maryland.

Clarice Hunter, an old slave in the Hunter family, was in Sikeston for several days last week, looking up "her folks" among the old families here. Aunt Clarice is now living in New Madrid.

The U. D. C. held their regular meeting with Miss Susie Hay at her home on North Ranney. The meeting was called to order by the President, Mrs. J. N. Ross. After the business meeting, the program was given. Miss Burnice Tanner gave a splendid paper describing the home of Robert E. Lee, which is now known as Arlington, Va., and is a National Cemetery. Mrs. Ross gave a paper on Mrs. Leonora Rodgers Scheigler, of New York, who is the President General of the United Daughters of the Confederacy. Several applications for membership were received and will be acted on later. The next meeting will be held with Mrs. Jess Kimes on Saturday, March 4th.

VANITY BOTTLES FROM
EGYPT REACH LONDON

London, February 18.—A consignment of Eastern vanity bottles 2000 years old has recently reached London. Some were found with mummies of Egyptian women of fashion; others came from a Roman tomb in Nazareth.

They are stibium pots from the toilet tables of vanished beauty. Stibium is a preparation of finely powdered antimony with which Egyptian women darkened their eyelids and penciled their eyebrows.

Time has made these little vanity bottles thin and iridescent. They shine with beautiful prismatic tints of rich gold, green, blue, purple and red. When they arrived they were full of desert sand. Held against the light, they show that a dark deposit has eaten its way into the glass; it is twenty centuries old eye paint.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

CHIEF OF POLICE

We are authorized to announce Charles Clark as a candidate for Chief of Police of Sikeston, subject to the will of the voters at the April election.

We are authorized to announce J. N. Sheppard as a candidate for Chief of Police of Sikeston, subject to the will of the voters at the April election.

We are authorized to announce J. B. Randol as a candidate for Chief of Police of Sikeston, subject to the will of the voters at the April election.

CITY COLLECTOR

We are authorized to announce Miss Audrey Chaney as a candidate for the office of Collector of the Revenue for the City of Sikeston, subject to the will of the voters at the April election.

We are authorized to announce S. N. Shepherd as a candidate for the office of Collector of the Revenue for the City of Sikeston, subject to the will of the voters at the April election.

We are authorized to announce Clyde C. Demaris as a candidate for the office of Collector of the Revenue for the City of Sikeston subject to the will of the voters at the April election.

Notice of Administration

Notice is hereby given, that letters of administration on the estate of Leonard L. Vaughn, deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 25th day of January, 1922, by the Probate Court of Scott County, Missouri.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance within six months after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within one year from the date of said letters, they shall be forever barred.

Elmer Matthews, Administrator.
Witness my hand and seal of the (Seal) Probate Court of Scott County, Mo. 12-6-3mo.

Order of Publication.

Peoples Bank of Sikeston, a corporation, Plaintiff
vs.
M. P. Hart, Defendant
In the Circuit Court of Scott County, Mo., to the August Term, 1922
Action on Notes and Attachment.

Now on this 15th day of February, 1922, in vacation of court, comes the plaintiff by its attorney, H. C. Blanton, before the undersigned clerk of said court and files its petition and affidavit in attachment, alleging among other things that the defendant has absconded or absented himself from his usual place of abode in the State of Missouri, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him. Whereupon it is ordered by the undersigned clerk of said court, in vacation, that publication be made notifying said defendant that the plaintiff in the above entitled cause has commenced an action against him in this court the object and general nature of which is to enforce the payment of two notes wherein the sum alleged to be due is Two Thousand One Hundred Twenty-Seven Dollars, and that said defendant's property has been attached; and unless said defendant be and appear before this court at the next regular term thereof, to be begun and held at the Court House in the town of Benton, Scott County, Missouri, on the Second Monday in August next, 1922, and on or before the first day of said term answer or plead to plaintiff's petition in said cause the same will be taken as confessed and judgment rendered accordingly as prayed in plaintiff's petition and his property sold to satisfy the same.

It is further ordered that a copy hereof be published for four weeks successively in The Sikeston Standard, a weekly newspaper of general circulation published in Scott County, Missouri, to be published once a week for four successive weeks the last insertion to be at least fifteen days before the first day of the said August Term, 1922 of said court.

H. F. Kirkpatrick, Clerk.
In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed (SEAL) the seal of said court. Done at my office in Benton, Mo., this 15th day of February, 1922.

H. F. KIRKPATRICK,
Circuit Clerk.

Notice of Administration

Notice is hereby given, that letters of administration on the estate of J. Reese Applegate, deceased, were granted to the undersigned on the 25th day of January, 1922, by the Probate Court of Scott County, Missouri.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit them to me for allowance within six months after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of such estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within one year from the date of said letters, they shall be forever barred.

Ranney G. and S. Wallace Applegate, Administrators.
Witness my hand and seal of the (Seal) Probate Court of Scott County, Mo. 12-6-3mo.

Thos. B. Dudley, Probate Judge.
MONUMENT—Remember at my yards here I show the finished monuments in granite and marble, ready to deliver and erect, at prices ranging from \$15.00 to \$1500.00 each.—Moore, "The Monument Man", Poplar Bluff, Mo. 12-6-3mo.

51c

We Are Paying Basis Today's
Market for

No. 2 White or Yellow Shelled Corn

Two Cents Less For Grade No. 3

49c For No. 2 White or Yellow Ear Corn

Prices f. o. b. Car—One Week
to Load

C. L. COOK GRAIN COMPANY

PHONE 249